Daily Constitution.

Office 30 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS:

Daily, one year.....$10 00
" six months.....5 00
Weekly, one year.....2 00
" six months.....1 00

Postage for one year, on Daily, 6½ cents; Weekly, one year, 20 cents.

The Constitution.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1876 NO. 17

ADVERTISING RATES.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISERS, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square.....	$ 3.50	$ 5.00	$ 6.00	$ 10.00
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One Column....	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

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Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies, and such like amusements $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

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LIBERTY'S NATAL DAY.

ENTHUSIASTIC CELEBRATION OF THE CENTENNIAL FOURTH OF JULY IN ATLANTA AND THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

Recalling the Glories of One Hundred Years of American History.

Crossing the Threshhold of Another Century.

Seeing that no effort was being made by the citizens at large to celebrate the one hundredth birthday of American independence, the Irish literary association (composed of citizens in sympathy with Ireland) undertook the management of a memorial meeting on the evening of the fourth. Notwithstanding the shortness of the time in which they had to act, they had every arrangement under admirable control. The hall was packed and several hundred had to turn away on account of want of room.

THE HALL

was beautifully decorated, with American flags festooned in graceful folds, exhibiting every star of our matchless republic. A beautiful picture of President Washington was garlanded in an artistic manner, and the face of the hero of Valley Forge looked calmly down upon hundreds of enthusiastic admirers. On the stage were two stacks of arms, representing the north and the south at peace joined by the sword of Gen. Pat Cleburne as representative of Irish valor in American wars.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

At nine o'clock the meeting was called to order by the president, Col. Jno. Stephens, who spoke as follows:

COL. STEPHENS' REMARKS.

Fellow Members of the Irish Literary Association, Ladies and Gentleman:

We meet here this evening to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the declaration of American independence. It may possibly be regarded as strange that we Irish and the sons of Erin should as an Irish association meet for such a purpose; but a little reflection will show good and sufficient reasons why we should on this day, meet together in commemoration of such an event.

That declaration of independence, by the then colonies of England, was signed by—I believe—fifty-four men; of that number, not less than five—perhaps more—were Irishmen. Of the army which fought for and achieved that independence, Irishmen formed an important part, of the navy which contributed so much towards gaining that independence, Barry, an Irishman, was called the father.

Hence, when we consider that our country-men, Thos. Carroll and others staked their lives and their fortunes by signing the paper which formally announced the independence of the colonies, that General Sullivan, an Irishman, fired the first shot, that Montgomery and the usands of Irishmen equal y brave bared their breasts to the bullet and the sword, and offered their blood as a libation on the altar of American independence; that Barry who was justly called "The father of the American navy," with thousands of Irishmen in said naval service fought, died and conquered in the cause of liberty in that contest, it does not seem so strange that we should meet in commemoration of the part that the Irishmen of one hundred years ago contributed towards achieving that independence for merica which we are now enjoying and which we are here to-night to celebrate. But as others better qualified than myself will address you this evening, I will close, and introduce to you Mr. Pascal J. Moran, who has been selected to read the charter of the liberties we now enjoy—the Declaration of American independence.

THE READING.

Mr. Pascal J. Moran then advanced to the front of the stage, and with good emphasis read that magnificent assertion of American grievances and declaration of American Independence.

MR. W. A. MCDOWELL

was then gracefully introduced by the president and proceeded to deliver the oration of the day.

The following is a stenographic report of his speech:

THE ORATION.

Ladies and Gentlemen: The natal day of American independence has come once more. In addition to the usual pleasure it brings with it increased joy, for this day completes a circle of time to be for ever memorable in the history of the nation. Nor is this joy confined alone to the limits of this continent. It will cross the trackless seas, and penetrate distant climes. Whenever the morning sun broke upon a lover of liberty it found one whose heart throbbed in unison with the centennial of American independence. The exiled and the oppressed of whatever kindred and of what ever tongue, will take new hope, put on new courage and bid the

"Bright star of hope,
Shed your beams on me,
And send a loving message
From far across the sea."

The adopted citizens of the land will join in the jubilee of the day with as much pride as the native born. The declaration of the rights that "all men are born free and equal," will be recognized by the ladies as well, for one who is jaded, jaded and a fitter companion for the "last rose of summer," will have the presumption to sit side by side, and the vanity to think herself as lovely and as blooming as "sweet Jenny, the flower of Kildare." The sacred sisterhood of the states now increased to 38 will assemble on this hundredth anniversary and participate in the achievements of the country. In order that we may properly understand the occasion that we are to celebrate it will only be necessary to take a brief review of the causes that prompted the colonies to assume sovereign powers.

Whatever whisperings of discontent there might have been among the colonies of America in respect to the mother country, the combined attempt of the Frenchmen and the savage to invade their homes, devastate their property and destroy their lives, smouldered for a while the fires that were already lighted, and made stronger the affection between parent and offspring. But scarcely had the crack of the Indian's rifle ceased, peace and quiet restored, than demands, oppressive and unjust, were made by the English government, and even attempted to be enforced by military power. The policy that the parliament of Great Britain had determined to pursue towards the colonies was received with indignation and alarm. They heard now the murmurings of the distant thunder, and saw within these primitive measures forebodings of their final ruin. "Taxation and Representation" were the watchwords that went from Massachusetts to Virginia. No voice in the parliament of England, no revenue from the colonies. In companions, they walk hand in hand; where goes the other must surely follow; where one is the other must also be buried. To this injustice of taxation without representation the colonists determined never to submit. Ignorant of arms they were, but they felt keenly the encroachment upon their rights. Weak in resources they were but no sacrifice was too great when their liberties were imperilled. A holy sympathy with the rapidity of an electric current now united the colonies together and out of friends and strangers were formed a household of brothers, for scarcely had the men of Boston cast the tea overboard into the harbor than the colony of Virginia sounded the clarion note, "The cause of Boston is the cause of us all." Event followed event until the British army in Bostonnow numbered 3,000 men. But the very appearance of the troops instead of filling the citizens with fear and alarm had the opposite effect. The line between friend and foe was clearly drawn, the soldiery regarding the citizen as a rebel, and the citizen in turn looking upon the soldier with feelings of contempt and revenge. In the month of April, 1775, a detachment of English troops were sent to Concord to destroy the military stores of the colonists. They were met at early morn by the minute men of Lexington. The officer in command of the British asked whither they were going, and when informed that they too were going down to Concord, commanded "disperse ye rebels." His command not being obeyed, his troops fired upon the minute men and those that fell exclaimed in their dying agonies, "We have a right to go down to Concord." At such a time and with such sentiments in their breasts, died the first heroes of the American revolution. Their blood was the earnest money which has purchased the multiplied blessings that we enjoy on this day and at this hour. Their death forms one of the grandest epochs in the history of the world. Their names, memory has enshrined from corroding time; their deeds, a loving and grateful posterity will never let die. Injustice is wrong, but may sometimes be tolerated. Oppression is tyrannical and hard to bear; insult is mean, and should be resented. These, all these, even more the colonists had borne, but patience ceases to be a virtue, and rightly too, when human life is cruelly taken. It would stop the husbandman plodding at the ploughshare, or paralyze the arm of the reaper stickling down the golden harvest. The guns that were sounded on the field of Lexington aroused every freeman in the country, made a soldier of the citizen and called the yeomanry to arms. The light of liberty that was now faintly streaking the early dawn appeared a grand luminary, rivetting the attention of the world to its brilliancy. Empires of mighty sway scarce turned to look upon it, deeming its radiance but that of a day. Other nations whose hopes had long since been withered, with better hopes of liberty, thought it had risen to set only in a night of eternal gloom. But there it was bright and beautiful as the star that shone over the manger of Bethlehem's babe.

One hundred years in the representatives of 13 colonies gave the declaration of independence to the world. Putting its swaddling bands, they gathered around the cradle of American liberty, and in the old brotherly love prayed the protection and guance of an all wise providence. Its birth was hailed from city to city and from town to town amid great demonstrations of joy. Bells rang from their steeples and bonfires blazed on the hills. The deed was done, the die was cast, the Rubicon crossed and liberty or death was the watchword of the hour.

Of the wisdom displayed in the execution of this paper it is not necessary to speak. It was drawn by the hand of Thomas Jefferson, Virginia's gifted son, of whom if there were no other trace to his memory save the epitaph on his tombstone, "Here lie Thomas Jefferson, author of the declaration of American independence and of the statute of Virginia for religious freedom," would be sufficient to endear his name to millions of his countrymen yet unborn. The declaration of independence was the Charter oak in which reposed the red obligations of the colonies, the sheet anchor of their hopes, and the fountain from which has flowed the streams making prosperous and happy the land even to this. The war was now fairly begun; its aim and object clearly defined. Through seven years besprinkled with hard fought baton the land and on the sea, the news came from Yorktown, that Cornwallis had surrendered with colors cased, was marching from Adelphi. The war was over; victory had crowned the efforts of the revolutionists. They of their deliverance was now at hand. Blood and it cost treasure, but it purchased liberties of 40 millions of people to-day. Tales of American patriotism speaks from silent tomb of Mount Vernon, while reposed the sacred dust of Washington, alive to the interests of history and inspired by sublime motives he led gallant men to victory. Records of others may be searched in vain for his equal. His deeds of valor and his devotion to country's cause have eclipsed the splendor other nation's heroes. The monument of him is in the hearts of his countrymen. Whither boon could frail mortal leave? What fortune could ambition covet?

The devotion of Am's sons shines forth in all its splendor in lying words of her immortal Jefferson, wife a brilliant career in the political arena sweetly to rest uttering the patriotic sentiments he had always cherished. When diseased him to affliction's couch, when the vital had nearly quit his earthly frame, there unbied around him those eager to catch th words of the dying hero. There might have been the historian, observing with criticism calm composure amid the agonies of de And the e in meditative clusters stood political friends who had joined issue with in the heated struggles of political contention, mourning the loss of a man whose place le nation could not soon be filled. Yet to is he appe red insensible, when sudden the utter surprise of all around, he ing "What sound is that?" when told that was the peal of the distant gun celebrating anniversary of his country's liberty, he rem his pillow with a halo of light encircling countenance, and looking out into the bepanse of the blue of heaven, he exclaimed the fourth of July is a great and glorious Independence forever!" Ravage not the fields of Grecian and Roman literature aw at the shrine of her savage men, but ce your own proud of America and emulate ample of her illustrious sons.

"Brea hes there a manoul so dead
Who never to himself hid,
This is my own, my nand;
Whose heart hath ne'er in him burned,
As home his footsteps h turned
Wandering from a forrand.
If such there be, go ma well.
For h m no minstrel's as swell.
High though his title, pr pelf,
The wretch concenters selt,
Living has forfeited fairn,
Doubly dying will go d
To the vile dust from whe sprung
Unwept, unhonored and ang."

The progress of our country from the time of the settlement colonies, stands without the annals of fold. The brighest pages of her sacred hist rkle with the noble deeds of the patriot glorious achievements of the warrior, and most sublime actions of the philanthrop The beacon light that first gleamed from the Rock of Ply has been rekindled by ling generations until now it illumines ry land glares the north and the south and bright reflection into the distant future. Untutored savage and long ago bound the cheese of his fate and with desperate hadowly bends his footsteps towards the bo the Pacific; yet however mournful the barbarism must give way to civilization, onward the star of empire takes its swi -like men inspired with godlike actio been the noble production of her soil. nd's yoke of oppression has been cast r galling chains no longer encircle the stool of liberty. Urged on by high motives and impelled by the inf nce of free government her progress has en onward. Displayed by Fulton in truction of the steam boat. By Morse perfection of the magnetic telegraph. In gentle harbors cluster the ships of all nd other waters are made white with the our commerce. Upon our streams may the busy machinery, making alive is with inhabitants. Education has flanded far and wide until its last echo way upon the ears of the western wanderer, intelligence has become our national sat The banners of the cross float on breeze. Civilization's car with its four of the fleetest winds of the heaven flies across the distant prairie, bolts through California's golden gate nbuilders of free government have unfurled their colors to the standard of liberty. The sun caught by inspiration, the the age, and lighting their torches at the of civilization are marching in with proper watchword and reply.

Prussia may boast overridden France and nod her dangling p England may waft her tyrannical breeze ep the heel of her despotism upon th of Ireland's patriotism; her haughty may ride the billows of seas—but as long as America is true to the inheritance bequeathed by the revolutionary ancestors, she can the banner of the brave, and bid a bold to surround ing world.

The work of the century completed, the record is made up, the ledger balanced together. The genius of our nation ated out the hundred and points with the wonders of a century. In the late wen the states, the sons of Erin were fo ing gallantly beneath the stars and stripes ing their breasts for the hopes of lost cause. How shall the common mi eburne and Meagher record sincerity thout reflecting upon the fidelity of how can she give a page of her histo and peace a laurel upon the bro e other. How shall she laud the lo of one falling under the leaden Franklin, and speak impartially of the ching against the Confederate works ir bearing Two mounted kni met near the intersection ublic highway, and observed a same instant a shield suspended fm. Said the first knight: "The shield ri h a radiance as beautiful as yonde sun," said the other knight: "The silver, with a lustre as bright as yonder oon." With helmets up and lances dra rushed the one upon the other, and ir deadly conflict. Ere they did the shield in its fall, striking against the bone and sinew of the Irish race in Georgia. Some of them may be called on to represent her in high positions—some in the field, at the bar, in the councils of the nation.

I would exhort them never to forget the "old country," never to be ashamed of their fathers, however humble they may be, to be proud of old Ireland, and above all, to stand firmly to those principles of civil and religious liberty of which our forefathers have ever been most devoted adherents. Then will they be worthy of the name of Irishmen.

In looking back over the history of this country, we do not view in it the alone the devotion of our Irish fellow-countrymen, but looking back in a broad, comprehensive view—as true sons of America—we feel a thrill of pride in contemplating the men and deeds of the revolution.

We need no fabled exploits of former ages to excite our emulation, we need not go back to the days of Thermopylae or Marathon, for every page of our history sparkles with deeds which challenge the admiration of every age and every country.

The men of '76 have long since mouldered into dust, but in the words of our poet-priest,

"Their fame on brightest pages,
Sung by poets, penned by sages,
Will go bounding down the ages."

We need no sculptured urn or storied bust to perpetuate the memory of the men of the revolution. It will remain until it shall have ceased to beat forever.

And, ladies and gentlemen, they have left us one relic. They have bequeathed us one legacy to preserve forever, not a star obscured, not a stain on its folds. What a wealth of associations rise before us when we gaze on the Star Spangled Banner. Through the dim mists of the past we see it floating over the field of the revolution, on the plains of Yorktown, amid the smokes of New Orleans and on the distant battlefields of Mexico. It has floated in every clime, and to-night while we are celebrating the nations birthday, it is floating proudly over the waves of the Mediterranean, and on the bosom of the far distant Pacific.

Let us unite in expressing the hope that the "Star spangled banner may continue to wave, O'er the land of the free and home of the brave."

and that its folds may float forever.

In conclusion, ladies and gentlemen, I would say a few words of Ireland. There is perhaps no nation which in its course of its history, presents to our view a greater number of vicissitudes than Ireland. At one time, we find her astonishing the world with her magnificence; at another, trodden in the dust by her oppressors. At one time we find her the mother of arts and science, inviting to her shores the oppressed of all nations, at another, has seen her subjected to the most cruel oppression, driven from their homes and forced to seek refuge in foreign lands.

But in the midst of all her troubles and persecutions, when

"Tw s poverty to honor,
Treason to love, and
Death to defend her,"

we find her alike, magnanimous in her glory, heroic in her sufferings, and an example to all nations in the patriotism of sons who loved her.

Though Erin stands before us

"The Niobe of nations,
Childless and crownless! her voiceless wo;"
though the harp of Tara be silent and the voice of her children hushed in sorrow, there is a hope and a determination, and a strong spirit of independence, that burns as strongly as ever in the hearts of the Irish people. That spirit will never die, and though it may slumber for a time, it will break forth in spite of every obstacle, whether it be as the chord o Tara's harp which breaks but to remind us of the ruin And that spirit will continue to brew, until Ireland again takes her place among the nations of the earth,

"Great, glorious and free,
First flower of the earth and first gem of the sea."

When the green, proud emblem of Ireland's nationality will float once more over a free, a united and a happy people; when in the words of her immortal Curran, she will stand "redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled by the irresistible genius of univ rsal emancipation." Let us hope that the star of her prosperity may rise again resplendent in all its farm r magnificence, and that the emerald gem of the western world may shine forth in all the glories of transcendent splendor.

"The nations have fallen but thou still art young;
Thy sun is but rising when others have set,
And though slavery's clouds o'er morning have hung,
The full noon of freedom shall beam o'er thee yet
Oh Erin! Oh Erin! though long in the shade,
Thy star shall shine out when the proudest shall fade;
"Unchilled by the rain, unwaked by the wind,
The lily lies sleeping through winter's cold hour;
Until spring's light touch, her fetters unbind,
And daylight and liberty bless the young flower.
Thus Erin, oh, Erin! Thy winter is past,
And the ages that lived through it shall blossom at last."

THE CLOSE.

Loud calls being made for Col. Shorter, that gentleman appeared up the stage and made an excellent speech, after which the audience adjourned, highly delighted with the evening's entertainment. Much of the credit for getting up the successful issue of the celebration is due to Col. J. W. Stokes.

THE DAY ELSEWHERE.

By Special Telegraph to the Constitution.

AT LONG BRANCH.

LONG BRANCH, July 4.—The 4th of July and an extra programme, attracted a large attendance at Monmouth park to-day.

MONTGOMERY'S REJOICINGS.

MONTGOMERY, July 4.—At daylight a salute of thirteen guns was fired on Capital Hill from a thirty-two pounder. At 8 o'clock a procession of military, fire companies and citizens formed, and after marching through the streets halted at the stand prepared for the speaking. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Petrie.

The declaration was read by Neil Blue, the oldest citizen of Montgomery, and the only survivor of those who voted for the delegates to the territorial convention, which adopted the constitution under which Alabama was admitted into the union in 1819.

Ex-Governor Watts delivered a patriotic oration. The crowd then dispersed. All business is suspended and a general holiday prevails. The streets and houses are decorated with flags.

At 12 o'clock a salute of 37 guns was fired, all the church bells in the city were rung, and the engines of the various railroads and of the fire department united their shrill whistles to the patriotic jubilations to-night. There was an immense display of fire works and shouting and cheering throughout the city. Montgomery bids farewell to the old and saluted the new century of independence in handsome style. No accident or unpleasant incident occurred.

SAVANNAH OPENS HER MOUTH UPON THE OCCASION.

SAVANNAH, July 4.—The day was more generally observed than for the past sixteen years. There was a parade of the military, civic societies and citizens, who after gathering at the Park Parade ground was addressed by Col. A. R. Lamar; the declaration of independence was read by Capt. Robert Falligant. The United States artillery participated and fired a salute at sunrise, noon and sundown. Business generally was suspended. American flags were displayed on the public and private buildings. The Jasper Greens fired a salute at noon on the public square. There was a grand gathering at Scheutzen park. A centennial tree was planted with imposing ceremonies, addresses, &c. Fire works was abundant. The passed without accident or trouble.

THE SEAT OF ALL CENTENNIALISM.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4.—The day was bright, with refreshing breezes. The grand centennial programme was successfully carried out in all its details, and the hopes of the friends of the great exposition were most fully realized.

THE FEELING TRAVELS OVER TO NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, VA., July 4.—No 4th of July has been so generally observed by the people of this city and Portsmouth since the war. There was a general suspension of business. Fire crackers and cannon were brought into requisition. Colored societies paraded the streets, and many houses were gaily decorated with flags. Salutes were fired at sunrise and noon by the receiving ship Worcester and the monitors. All government and commercial vessels were decked with bunting. Thousands of people went down to Fortress Monroe to witness the pyrotechnic display, and there are throngs now on the wharfs witnessing the fireworks thrown from the U. S. frigates lying at the naval anchorage.

The declaration of independence was read in the town of Berkley, and Judge Watts delivered an oration to a large crowd.

AND EVEN TARRIES AWHILE IN RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 4.—Observance of the centennial on the 4th was more general throughout Virginia than any time since 1860. In Richmond it was begun at midnight last by firing 13 guns for the original states by Richmond Howitzer county from 5 of the hills in the city. At sunrise 38 guns were fired from the capitol grounds for the present states of the union. The United States and Virginia flags were hoisted on the capitol for the first time on the 4th of July in 16 years. All the shipping in dock and river was displayed and abundance of bunting. The public buildings of the federal and state were closed and business generally almost entirely suspended; the streets presented a deserted appearance, picnics, excursions, barbecues and private parties being the order of the day. There was no military or other parades, most of the soldiers being in Philadelphia and excurting elsewhere. Bonfires and fireworks at Lynchburg to-night. The day was more generally observed than any similar occasion since the war. The business houses were closed, flags displayed, and picnics in every direction. There was no formal demonstration in the city, but had numerous addresses and barbecues in the neighborhoods adjacent.

United States flags were displayed at the post-office at Danville. The Fourth was generally observed as a holiday. Stores were closed, picnics, excursions, etc.

To-night there will be a grand ratification meeting of the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks. Col. T. S. Flournoy and others will speak.

At Staunton the day was ushered in with drum beating and bell ringing, stores were closed and a general holiday taken. Flags were displayed. One store front had the Goddess of Liberty decorated with American flags.

At Petersburg the day was celebrated by a national salute at sunrise and sunset by the Petersburg artillery. The Guards (colored) also paraded in honor of the day. Two trains of picnickers left for Norfolk, mostly colored. Many business houses were closed.

CROSSING THE THRESHHOLD.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The New York Herald says editorially that the Old Guard returned yesterday morning from its trip to Charleston, S. C., accompanied by the company of Boston Tigers, the Clinch Rifles of Augusta, Ga., and the Washington Light Infantry. All the organizations, after enjoying a breakfast in this city, proceeded to Philadelphia, where they take part in the grand centennial parade in that city to-day. Now that the north and the south have determined to cross "the threshhold of another age" together, we may consider that the glories of the departing century are crowned with the sublime blessing of domestic peace, and this thought should make the nation strong to meet the future with the same faith in which it vanquished the past.

HONORS TO HUMBOLDT.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4.—The ceremonies of unveiling the statue of Alexander Von Humboldt, erected by the Germans in east Fairmount park, came off this morning. The officers and members of the Humboldt monumental association, and members of the different German societies—musical, beneficial and social—formed a procession at half-past seven o'clock, and marched to the spot where the monument is erected, where a large crowd had already assembled. An efficient orchestra, and a large chorus was present.

The ceremonies were opened by the performance of an overture, followed by Beethoven chorus, Die Ehre Gottes, sung by the musical societies.

The president of the monument association, Mr. Geo. K. Zeigler, then delivered an address in German, at the conclusion of which he removed the flag which covered the statue. This was greeted with cheers. Mr. Zeigler then delivered an address in English, and presented the statue to the Fairmount park commission.

Deutsches Voelker Gebet was then sung.

Dr. G. Kelner, the orator of the day, delivered the address in German, after a short speech in English by Chas. S. Keyser, esq. The ceremonies concluded with a chorus and grand march.

WILLIAM'S CONGRATULATION.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—At 10½ o'clock Mr. Caldwalader, the acting secretary of the state presented Mr. Schlozer, the German minister to the president for the purpose of delivering an autograph letter of congratulation from the emperor of Germany. Schlozer, in presenting the letter stated that he was instructed by his majesty to deliver upon the the 4th day of July to the president in person an autograph letter of congratulation upon the occasion of the centennial anniversary, and wished to add his personal good wishes for the United States.

The president briefly replied, assuring him of his satisfaction in receiving the evidence of good feeling on the part of his majesty, and that his kind expressions for the United States were fully appreciated, and that the letter should be properly acknowledged. A translation of the letter is as follows:

William, by the grace of God, emperor of Germany, king of Prussia, etc., etc., etc.:

To the President of the United States of America.

GREAT AND GOOD FRIEND:—It has been vouchsafed to you to celebrate the centennial festival of the day upon which the great republic over which you preside entered the rank of independent nations.

The purposes of i s founders have, by a wise application of the teachings of the history of the foundation of nations, and an insight into the distant future, realized a development without a parallel. I congratulate the American people upon the occasion, and it affords me so much the greater pleasure because, since the treaty of friendship which my ancestor of glorious memory (King Frederick II) who now rest, with God, concluded with the United States, undisturbed friendship has continually existed between Germany and America, and has been developed and strengthened by the ever-increasing importance of their mutual relations, and began intercourse by becoming more and more fruitful in every domain of commerce and science. That the welfare of the United States and the friendship of the two countries may continue to increase is my sincere desire and confident hope. Accept the renewed assurance of my unqualified esteem.

Berlin, June 19, 1876.

Signed] WILLIAM.
Countersigned] VON BISMARCK.

THE DAY AT CHATTANOOGA.

CHATTANOOGA, July 5.—The grandest celebration that was ever witnessed south of the Ohio river. The procession was fully a mile and a half long, composed of a of series local and visiting fire and military companies, a large number of wagons carrying historical and industrial representations, and closing with fire works and tableaux of the principle events of the revolution. It is estimated that 10,000 strangers were in the city.

A VETERAN INTRODUCED.

AKRON, O., July 5.—At the celebration yesterday, a special feature was the presence of Lomer Griffin, who was 117 years old.

The Appropriation Bills.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Considerable progress was made to-day toward the adjustment of differences in the appropriation bills. The conference committee on legislative appropriation bills meets to-morrow, when Mr. Morrill hopes they will agree upon this matter.

Mr. Morrill moved that the senate meet to-morrow at 11 o'clock, when, if a favorable result has been reached, Mr. Morrill will assume the secretaryship of the treasury.

Speaker Kerr improves slowly. He is at Alum springs. His entire restoration is hoped.

A Fearful Storm.

Telegram to the Constitution.

FORT MADISON, Iowa, June 5.—In a 15 minutes storm St. Joseph's Catholic church was damaged by the fall of the steeple, 226 feet high. Other churches were more or less damaged. The Park House is a total wreck. The damage is estimated at $200,000. No loss of life.

FORWARD.

COLQUITT LEADS THE VAN.

By Mail and Telegraph to the Constitution.

COBB FOR COLQUITT.

MARIETTA, July 4.—Cobb county sends Colquitt delegates by a large vote.

MARION FOR COLQUITT.

AMERICUS, GA., July 5. — Marion county sends Colquitt delegates instructed.

C. W. H.

ROCKDALE CHEERS COLQUITT.

CONYERS, July 4.—Rockdale county sends delegates instructed for Colquitt.

A. C. W. T.

COLQUITT IN NEWTON.

COVINGTON, July 4.—Newton county instructs her four votes for Colquitt. John T. Henderson, W. W. Clark, W. H. Gaither, and J. E. McConnel are the delegates.

H. H. H.

COLQUITT'S COFFEE.

TEBEAUVILLE, July 4.—Coffee county delegates Hon. M Kirkland, James M Dent; alternates William Parker and M Hall, all for Colquitt.

E.

JOHNSON WINS POLK.

ROME, July 5.—At a full meeting of the democracy yesterday, Polk county elected Johnson delegates to the gubernatorial convention by a vote of four to one.

SNIKDA.

HENRY AGAIN.

GRIFFIN, July 4.—Henry county held a meeting to-day, and sent C. T Zachary and G. M. Nolan to the gubernatorial convention instructed to vote for Colquitt.

J. D. A.

JOHNSON CAPTURES SUMTER.

AMERICUS, July 5.—The democratic meeting send eight delegates to the gubernatorial convention. An untrammelled majority favor H. V. Johnson for their choice.

C. W. H.

GWINNETT FOR COLQUITT.

LAWRENCEVILLE, July 4.—At a meeting on the 4th inst., the delegates were instructed by a vote of two to one, to go for Gen. A. H. Colquitt for governor. The county sends ten delegates.

GWINNETT.

APPLING FOR HARDEMAN!

BAXLEY, July 3.—By a small majority, Hardeman delegates were elected for this (Appling) county. Colquitt's friends claim unfairness and are going to send two delegates for Colquitt, regardless of the majority. Great confusion and intense excitement prevailed.

J. I. C.

OGLETHORPE COUNTY FOR COLQUITT.

LEXINGTON, July 4.—The vote stood: Colquitt, 194; Johnson, 106; James, 1; Hardeman 1. The following gentlemen were appointed: Samuel Lumpkin, James H Smith, J T Hurt, Dr. W M Willingham, Mark L Raines T L Gantt, Dr. W M Durham, Thomas S Dozier.

They are each and every one uncompromising Colquitt men.

T. L. G.

HENRY COUNTY FOR COLQUITT.

GRIFFIN, July 5.—Pursuant to a call published a few days ago in the CONSTITUTION and Griffin News, the democrats of Henry county met in the court house at McDonough, on to day the 1st Tuesday in July, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent the county in the gubernatorial convention. Cols. Geo. M Nolan and C T Zachry were unanimously chosen as said delegates. They were instructed, amid prolonged and loud applause, to cast the vote of old Henry in favor of that noble patriot and Christian gentleman Gen. Alfred H Colquitt

OBSERVER.

HURRAH FOR HALL.

GAINESVILLE, GA., July 4.—Judge Peeples addressed the citizens of Hall county today on the presidential outlook. Resolutions were unanimously adopted, ratifying the nomination of the great reformer, Samuel J. Tilden for president. Loud applause, and great enthusiasm. In a primary election for governor, Gen. Colquitt received 161 votes, Johnson 22, Hardeman 6, James 10. After the election it was made unanimous for Colquitt. The following delegates were elected by acclamation with instructions to vote for Colquitt in the state convention: J. N. Dorsey, Martin Graham, William Boiin, W. R. Reed, S. C. Danks, W. A. Brown.

H. H. P.

COLQUITT TAKES CARROLL.

CARROLLTON, GA., June 5.—Carroll sends Colquitt delegates. Large and enthusiastic meeting of the democratic party here yesterday, at which delegates were selected and other business transacted.

The following resolution was introduced and passed unanimously, amidst great applause:

Resolved, As a tribute to the worth of the man—his gallantry and patriotism as a soldier, and his untiring devotion to the interests of the people—the democracy of Carroll county, here in convention assembled, do recommend our delegates to the gubernatorial convention, to support as the choice of this people, Gen. A. H. Colquitt.

The following are the delegates:

W S Twedell, S W Harris, J T Tolbert, R L Richards.

Alternates—G A Conner, S W Millican, L Kendrick, E Phillips.

Resolutions were were also unanimously passed, ratifying and confirming the action of the St. Louis convention, and pledging the hearty support of the democracy of Carroll to Tilden and Hendricks, the reform candidates.

The meeting was one of the largest and most enthusiastic held since the war.

You may put down old Carroll for a large majority for all the democratic nominees.

SHARPE.

MILTON FOR COLQUITT.

ALPHARETTA, July 3.—A portion of the citizens of Milton county met at the court house for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent said county in the gubernatorial convention, to be held at Atlanta on the 21 day of August next, to nominate a candidate for governor.

When on motion, John B. McCollum, esq., was called to the chair, and Col. B. F. Roberts requested to act as secretary.

T. L. Lewis, esq., was requested to explain the object of the meeting, which he did in a few very appropriated remarks. After which it was unanimously resolved that our delegates be instructed to cast their votes for General A. H. Colquitt.

When, on motion, the names of T. L. Lewis, esq., and E. J. Camp were proposed as delegates to said convention, and B. F. Roberts and W. H. Joiner as alternates, which proposition was unanimously agreed to.

On motion, the Atlanta CONSTITUTION was requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

The meeting then adjourned

J. B. MCCOLLUM, Chairman.

B. F. Roberts, Secretary.

FAYETTE FOR COLQUITT.

FAYETTEVILLE, July 4.—A public meeting of the citizens of Fayette county was held to-day in the court house, W R Whitaker, Esq., being called to the chair and John A Bradley, Esq., chosen secretary.

On motion Col. R. T Dorsey, Esq., was called upon to state the objects of the meeting. This gentleman did so, stating briefly that the purpose of the meeting were two fold—one to organize the democratic party in Fayette county; the other to select delegates to the gubernatorial convention to be held in the city of Atlanta on the 2nd day of August next, to nominate a candidate for governor.

On motion Col. R. T Dorsey, Esq., was called upon to address the meeting, which he did in a few appropriate remarks.

Committees were appointed, consisting of two from each militia district in the county to prepare business for the meeting.

This motion being adopted the chair appointed the following committee:

Fifth district, R T Dorsey, L F Blalock; 4th district, D A McLucas, W H Persons; 6th district, Joseph Edmondson, John W Padgett; upper 7th district, B F Head, Z C Ellington; lower 7th district, A Whitlock, Arch McEachern; Black Rock district, T J Brogden, N G Wallace; 1262nd district, S B Lewis, W S Milner; Hopeful district, Dr P Faver, J G Lister.

The committee through the chairman, Col R T Dorsey made the following report:

First, that a democratic executive committee for the county of Fayette be appointed as follows:

Fifth district, Dr W L Williams; 4th district, D A Lucas; Hopeful district, J G Lester; 6th district, W R Whitaker; upper 7th district, P A Denham; lower 7th district, W T Glover; Black Rock district, J L Graves; 1262nd district, F D Hewell.

And that said committee be instructed to meet for organization on the first Monday in August next. We report the following names to the convention, and suggest them as proper persons to be sent to the gubernatorial convention to be held August 2, 1876: W L Williams, Paul Faver, W T Glower, W R Whitaker.

We also submit the following resolution, and ask its adoption:

Whereas, this is an eventful year in the history of our country, and a strong reminder of the better days of the republic, when none but pure and upright citizens were called to administer the affairs of government; be it therefore,

Resolved by the democratic party of the county of Fayette, in mass convention assembled, that we pledge anew our faith and fidelity to the principles of the democratic party, and that we will do our utmost for the triumph of the same.

2d. Resolved, That while we shall cheerfully abide the action of the gubernatorial convention to be held in Atlanta on the second day of August next, that it is the firm conviction of this convention that Gen. A. H Colquitt is entitled to, and should receive the nomination for governor of Georgia, and to that end our delegates this day chosen are hereby instructed to cast their votes, as long as there is reasonable chance to hope for success, for Gen A. H. Colquitt, believing as we do that his nomination will insure success to the democratic party in Georgia.

On motion of Z. B. Blalock, esq., it was resolved that the foregoing proceedings be sent to the Atlanta CONSTITUTION for publication

There upon the meeting adjourned.

W. R. WHITAKER, Esq., Chairman.
JOHN A. BRADLEY, Secretary.

DEKALB COUNTY CONVENTION.

DECATUR, July 4.—A large and respectable body of the citizens of DeKalb county met this day in convention and organized by appointing Judge Daniel Johnson chairman, and Mr. W. J. Houston secretary.

On motion of Rev. Samuel C. Masters, a committee of seven was appointed, whose duty it was to select suitable persons to represent the county in the state gubernatorial convention, to be held in the city of Atlanta on the second Monday in August next, and also to draw up and report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting on the subject.

On this committee the chairman appointed the following gentlemen: Rev. Samuel C. Masters, Mr. Giles Humphries, Dr. Wm. P. Bond, Judge Berry Ragsdale, Mr. John W. McCurdy, Wm. W. Carter and Capt James Hunter.

While this committee was out, on motion of Capt. R. L. Barry, the chair appointed Col. Wm. Wright, Mr. I. N. Nash and Mr. B. F. George as a committee of three to select delegates to the district senatorial convention, to be held at Stone Mountain on the twentieth day of next August.

This committee selected the following gentlemen as delegates to the senatorial convention, viz: Col. J. N. Swift, Capt. H. V. Bayne, and John Y. Flowers, esq.

The committee on the gubernatorial delegates made the following report to-wit:

We, the people of DeKalb county, in convention assembled, neighbors and friends of Gen. Alfred H. Colquitt, appreciating his eminent abilities as a statesman, his bright record as a soldier, his stainless character as a man, and his devotion to the honor, the progress and prosperity of the state, present him with unfaltering confidence to the consideration of our fellow-citizens as our choice for governor of Georgia.

Resolved, That while we do not undervalue the well-earned reputation of the rival candidates for office, and will heartily support either of them, if nominated; yet we cannot but feel a peculiar pride in the services of Gen. Colquitt to his native commonwealth, both in war and in peace.

Resolved, That whether as a youthful soldier in Mexico, or suffering the privations and braving the dangers of battle, from the beginning to the end of the late war; or as a member of congress,

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

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FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale.

Address W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,
june2—dtf Atlanta Ga.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

Probabilities: For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, falling followed rising barometer, southerly veering to western winds, and partly cloudy weather, and frequent thunder storms will prevail.

Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, higher barometer, southwesterly to southeast winds, and continued partly cloudy weather, and possibly the western portions local rains.

FERTILIZERS IN GEORGIA.

Dr. Thomas Tanes commissioner of agriculture, has placed on our table his circular on "Analysis and statistics of fertilizers sold in Georgia during 1875-6."

Dr. Means at Savannah inspected 30,284 tons of guano. There were shipped from Savannah 49,750 tons, an excess of 12,484 tones over that inspected arising from through shipments.

O. P. Fitzsimmons at Augusta reports receipts of guano at that point 17,379 tons—of this 1840 tons were left over.

Dr. J. S. Lawton, of Atlanta, inspected 6,660 tons.

Dr. J. W. Janes, at Rome, inspected 750 tons.

Dr. J. Emmett Blackshear, of Macon, inspected 140 tons of Hunt, Rankin & Lamar's home made fertilizer. 45 tons left over.

Dr. G. C. Wheeler, at Graysville, inspected 103 tons of Gray's fertilizing compound.

5,538 tons were sold at Athens, and 186 tons left over.

Sept. 1, 1875, 3,987 tons were left over.

Sept. 1, 1876, 2,760 tons were left over.

During 1875-6, 56,316 tons were inspected.

The average commercial value of fertilizers sold in 1874-5 was $36.68; in 1875-6, $44.83, an increase of $6.15, or nearly 16 per cent in one year.

The average price per ton in 1874-5 was $50.38; in 1875-6, $46.63.

Taking together the improvement in quality and the reduction in price, we have a practical reduction in favor of the consumer of twenty-three and four one-hundredths per cent., or $9.88 per ton, or on the 56,596 tons sold in the state a saving to the whole state of $559,168.48—mainly the result of the publications issued from this department, through which the various brands have been brought into direct competition on their merits.

Again, the sale of several brands of low grade has been forbidden. Others have been driven from the market by the contrast which was made of their quality with that of other brands of high grade.

The average time price is $54.94, or 2¼ per cent a month on the average cash price.

The average cotton option price is $61.13, or nearly four per cent a month on the cash price.

The average cash price of the non-ammoniated fertilizers, 1874-5, was $43.91; in 1875-6, $38.60, a reduction on this class of fertilizers of $5.31 per ton, or 12 per cent on the price of 1874-75. The average commercial value of non-ammoniated fertilizers in 1874-5 was $36.47, in 1875-6 it is $43.65, making an improvement in quality in this class of fertilizers of $7.18, or 16 per cent on that of 1874-5. The total improvement, therefore, in this class, is 28 per cent. Six thousand four hundred and forty-nine tons of this class of fertilizers have been used this year for compositing. Correspondents report 46 per cent of all the fertilizers purchased, composted.

Those who had failed to protect their home manures used the ammoniated fertilizers for composting: 26,034 tons were used in compost in the state, and 30,662 tons used without composting.

As experience has shown that the compost, properly made, is of equal agricultural value with the best commercial fertilizers, the 26,034 tons, compared to one of the commercial fertilizer, are equivalent to 104,136 tons of commercial which, added to the 30,562 tons without composting, makes the number of tons of commercial and compost used in the year, 134,698.

[illegible],135 tons of compost, at the [illegible]ate of an average outlay in [illegible]n dollars per ton, cost [illegible] little over half what [illegible]commercial fertilizers [illegible]qual agricultural value [illegible]st ammoniated com- [illegible]rice of fertilizers, [illegible]nt of ammonia, in [illegible]n 1875-6 the aver- [illegible] of the same class of fer- [illegible]s $50.07 – a reduction in price [illegible].08, or 5-9 per cent less than the price of 1874-5.

The average commercial value of those having more than one per cent of ammonia was, in 1874-5, $40.65; in 1875-6, $47.70, an improvement in quality of $6.05, or 13 per cent, making a practical improvement in favor of the consumer of 18.8 per cent.

The 56,596 tons inspected and sold in the state cost, at the average cash price per ton, $2,640,203.40—$550,168.58 less than the same number of tons would have cost at the quality and price of the preceding season.

Crediting the improvement in quality to the work of the department, it saved to the farmers of Georgia, in this way alone, $348,065,40 in one year. Add to this the amount saved by the more general adoption of the compost in consequence of itsrecommendation in previous circulars, and a million dollars will not cover the amount saved to the farmers of Georgia in fertilizers alone by the work of the department.

The correspondents of the department report only fourteen per cent of the fertilizers purchased during the the last season paid for in cash, the remaining eighty-six per cent having been bought principally at the cotton option price, to be paid for in cotton next November at 15c per pound. The fertilizer account of the state stands, then, about as follows:

Paid in cash.....$ 309,628 47
To be paid in cotton next November.....2,975,353 59

Total.....$3,344,982 06

The table contains the analysis o 108 brands of fertilizers and fertilizing chemicals. Of these

2 are of chemicals,

7 are of natural guanos,

2 are alkaline fertilizers, based to some extent on the "Mineral Theory" of fertilization.

96 are manufactured articles, made in accordance with the usual theory of fertilization.

"TILDEN'S nomination is very popular. It pleases all t e republicans and some democrats."—Indianapolis Journal.

That's so. It is very popular, and will please exactly enough democrats to elect him. We are not concerned very much whether any republicans are pleased or not, but if the novelty of seeing honesty in office can bring pleasure to that leaky crowd, then the future promises them an abundance.

PRESIDENT GRANT says that since Tilden is nominated, he is now assured of the success of Governor Hayes. If Ulysses had ever received the gift of prophecy along with the many other gifts that have been bestowed upon him, and which by the way, he has never failed to pocket, the country might feel badly about this. But as the case stands, Ulysses' opinion don't hurt much. There are Belknap and Blaine, and a host of others for instance, concerning whom the great Ulysses once felt assured of a good many things that he don't feel assured of now, and so it will be with Hayes.

Revive the Drooping Energies.

When the physical energies droop, revive them with that safest and most active of tonics, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By a timely use of this salutary and agreeable medicine you will save yourself from positive disease; for, be assured that the languor and loss of strength and appetite which troubles you is in fact the precursor of some malady of, perhaps, a serious nature. Ap petite, tranquility of the nervous system, and pristine vigor, will assuredly be restored if the Bitters are used systematically, and the alimentary disturbance, which in nine cases out of ten gives rise to debility and nervousness, be entirely removed. Regularity of the bowels, active biliary secretion, the expulsion of impurities from the blood through the kidneys, are also among the beneficient effects of this admirable restorative

july1—d1w&w1t,1stp

Rule Nisi.

The Cotton States Life Insurance Company vs. John R. Wallace. Rule nisi to foreclose Mortgage. Fulton Superior Court, Spring Term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court by the petition of the Cotton States Life Insurance Company, that on the sixth day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hunored and seventy-one, John R. Wallace, said county, at Macon, in the county of Bibb, in said State, made and delivered to said petitioner his certain instrument in writing commonly called a promissory note, whereby, twelve months after date thereof, he promised to pay to the order of petitioner two thousand dollars for value received; said note being payable at petitioner's office in Macon, Georgia, with interest from the date thereof at the rate of ten per centum per annum, semi-annually. And that afterwards, on the same day and year in the county of Fulton, the said John R. Wallace the better to secure the payment of said note, executed and delivered to said petitioner his deed of mortgage, whereby the said John R. Wallace conveyed to said petitioner "A lot of land lying in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, State aforesaid, known and distinguished in the plan of said city as block fifteen (15), containing eight acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by Irwin street, on the east by Rolling Mill street, on the south by Wheat street, on the west by Jackson st eet, being part of land lot numb r forty-six (46), in the fourteenth (14) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county." Conditioned that if said John R Wallace, his heir., executors or administ rators, shou d pay said petitioner or its assigns, the amount of money in said promissory note mentioned, with lawful interest, according to the tenor and ef ect of said promissory note to be void, otherwise to rem in in force.

And it further appearing that said note remains unpaid, it is therefore ordered that the said John R wallace do pay into the Court by the first day of the next term thereof the principal, interest and costs due on said note, of show cause to the contrary, if any he has, and that on failure of said John R. Wallace so to do, the Equity of Redemption in and to said mortgaged promises be forever thereafter barred and foreclosed.

And it is further ordered that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a paper published in said county, once a month for four months, or a copy thereof served on said John R Wallace, his special agent or attorney, at least three months previous to the next term of this Court.

By the Court. This 24th day of April, 1876.

C. PEEPLES,
Judge S. C., A. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

WM. H VENABLE, D. C.
ERY & KING,

Rule Nisi.

Georgia, Fulton county.—The Bank of the State of Georgia vs. J. R. Wallace. Rule Nisi to foreclose mortgage. In Superior Court of said county, spring term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court by the petition of the Bank of the State of Georgia (accompanied by the note and mortgage deed) that on the 17th day of January, 1876, the defendant made and delivered to the plaintiff his certain promissory note, given under his hand and seal, payable to plaintiff or bearer, for the sum of twenty eight hundred and forty four dollars, endorsed by A. K. Seago, bearing interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum, and payable quarterly; and all costs and counsel fees for collection of note if sued, said note bearing same date above given and due three months thereafter. And afterwards for the better securing the payment of said note on the day and year aforesaid, the defendant executed and delivered to the plaintiff his certain deed of mortgage, thereby mortgaging to the plaintiff the following described property, to-wit, being city property and lots in the city of Atlanta, state and county aforesaid, being a sub-division of city block seven (7) in the second (2) ward of said city, said lots fronting on McDaniel, Crowell and Baldwin streets, and described thus: lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, fronting each on the east side of McDaniel street, 48½ feet, more or less, and running back east of uniform width 115 feet; also lots No. 17 fronting on the east side of McDaniel street 65 f et and runs back east of uniform width 115 feet; also lots 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16, fronts each 48½ feet on west side of Baldwin street and extends west same width 115 feet; also lot No. 18 fronts on west side of Baldwin street 65 feet and extends west 115 feet; also lots Nos. 19, 21, 23, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, and 40, each fronts 53 feet on east side of Baldwin street and runs back of same width 100 feet. also lots 32, 34, 36, 38, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, and 39, each fronts 52 feet on west side of Crowell street, and runs back same width of front line 100 feet, said block being part of land lot No. 46 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, known in the plan and sub-division of the city of Atlanta as above described. And it further appearing the said note remains unpaid, it is therefore ordered that said defendant do pay into court on or before the first day of the next term thereof the principal, interest and three hundred dollars counsel fees for foreclosure; and also cost of this proceedings, due on said draft, or show cause to the contrary if any he has. And that on the failure of the defendant so to do, the equity of redemption in and to said mortgage premises be forever thereafter barred and foreclosed. And it is further ordered that this Rule be published in the Atlanta Constitution once a month for four months previous to the next term of this court, or served on the defendant or his special agent or attorney at least three months previous to the next term of this court.

By the Court, April 10, 1876.

C. PEEPLES, Judge S. C., A. C.

True extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

ap20-1sm4m

Obituary.

SCHUMANN—Died, Sunday, July 2d, 1876, Carl T. Schumann, infant son of Theo. Schumann.

SOUDERS—Died, in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 28, 1876, Mrs. Souders, wife of Robert Souders, Esq., of this city. She will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends in Atlanta.

New Advertisements.

The Commencement Exercises
OF ACADEMY OF
Immaculate Conception,
Conducted by
SISTERS OF MERCY,
Will take place at
DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,
Thursday Evening, July 6th,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Doors open at 7 p. m. Admission, 25 cents.
july6—d2t

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, July 4, 1876.

JOHN W. COOK has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock a. m., on the 29th day of July, 1875, at my office. R. C. BEAVERS,
july6—w2t Ordinary.

Libel for Divorce.

Amanda Anderson vs Arch S. Anderson—Libel for Divorce. In Fulton Superior Court—Spring Term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court that said defendant does not reside in the county of Fulton, and it further appearing that he does not reside in the State of Georgia, it is, on motion, ordered by the Court, that the said defendant appear and answer at the next term of said Superior Court, or that said cause be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed.

It is further ordered that service of this rule be made upon said defendant by the publication of the same in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a public gazette in the city of Atlanta, in said State, once a month for four months, prior to the next term of this Court. In open Court, June 26th, 1876.

THOMAS FINLEY,
Petitioners Attorney

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court, 26th June, 1876.

july6—d1amdm WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

King's Mountain Military School,
YORKVILLE, S. C.

NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to

july6-deod3m Col. A. COWARD, Principal.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF THE
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.

Morning Supplementary, Class 319, July 5, 1876.

8	62	36	13	74	49	20	28	56	40	78

Evening Supplementary, Class 320 July 5, 1876.

41	51	19	34	5	55	26	12	28	22	33	31	53

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 5th day of July, 1876. E. S. MORRIS,
july6—d1f Manager.

Carroll Masonic Institute,
CARROLLTON, GA.

FALL TERM opens on second Thursday in August. Tuition for term, $9. $15 or $21, according to grade of studies pursued.

Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates.

Both sexes received

JOHN M. RICHARDSON,
july6—d1m President and Proprietor.

Jeff Davis House,

By MRS. T. J. S. CLARKE,

NEWNAN.....GEORGIA,

LARGE rooms for transient and summer visitors. The traveling public would do well to give her house a call. july6—dtf

BY JOYNER & ELLIS, Auc'rs.

Indoor Auction Sale,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 6th inst., 10 o'clock, of desirable

Shelf Goods,
Notions,
Shoes,
Crockery, Glassware,
Furniture, Books
Baby Carriages, Harness, &c,

july6—d1t

Notre Dame
— OF —
Maryland Collegiate Institute
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.

CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 8 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every a ccessory fo health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of s ciety. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, a number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.

PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.

YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen p. ivate applications are made before the 25th of August.

Educational advantages are the same for all.

For particulars, send for Catalogue.

july1—d10w

Rule Nisi.

The Life Association of America vs John R. Wallace. Spring term, Superior Court of Fulton county, Georgia.

Present the Hon Cincinnatus Peeples, judge of said court.

IT APPEARING to the court by the petition of the Life Association of America, a company, incorporated by the laws of the state of Missouri and authorized by its charter to transact business in the State of Georgia, that on the eighteenth day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-three, at Atlanta in said state of Georgia, John R Wallace, said county, made and delivered to your petitioner his certain instrument in writing, commonly called a promissory note, bearing date, the day and yer aforesaid, whereby, one year after the date hereof he promised to pay to the order of you petitioner two thousand dollars (with cost of collection) at the Citizen's Bank of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga, for value received with interest from April 18, 1874, at the rate of ten per cent per annum payable semi-annually, and that on the eighteenth day of April, 1873, in the said county of Fulton, the said John R Wallace, the better to secure the payment of said promissory note, executed and delivered to your petitioner, his deed of mortgage, whereby he conveyed to your petitioner, "All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in said county known and described as the east half of block number fourteen of original land lot number forty-six (46) of the fourteenth (14) district of originally Henry, then DeKalb, and now Fulton county, said east half being bounded north by Irwin street, east by Jackson street, and south by old Wh-at street, and west by lands of Lewis, except one-fourth of an acre in the north west corner, fronting on Irwin street, which the said John R Wallace heretofore sold off from said east half to Wm C Lawshe" Conditioned, that if the said John R Wallace, his heirs executors or administrators should well and truly pay or cause to be paid unto your petitioner, its successors and assigns the said sum of money in said promissory note mentioned with lawful interest for the same and all the expenses of the collection of said note according to the tenor and effect thereof, that then the said deed of mortgage and said promissory note should cease and become and be null and void to all intents and purposes. And it further appearing to the court that said promissory note remains unpaid, and also the said sum of two hundred and fifty dollars cost of collecting said note, as aforesaid, is due and unpaid, it is, therefore, ordered, that the said John R Wallace do pay into his court, by the first day of the next term thereof, he principal, interest and costs, due in said note, and also the said sum of two hundred and fifty dollars expenses or collection of said note, or show cause to the contrary, if there be any; and that on the failure of said John R Wallace so to do, the Equity of Redemption in and to said mortgaged premises be forever thereafter barred and foreclosed.

And it is further ordered that this rule be published in the Atlanta Constitution, a paper published in said county, once a month for four months or a copy thereof served on the said John R Wallace, or his special agent or attorney, at least three months previous to the next term of this court.

L. J. GARTRELL,
Petitioner's Attorney.

By the Court, April 12th, 1876.

C. PEEPLES, Judge S. C. A. C.

A true extract taken from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

apr14—d1amdm WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

RUPTURE

DR. J. A. SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling imitation spurious and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G. Crompton, was arrested in Pennsylvania for selling himself to color. The game is to exact $50 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspecting, while DR. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliance and Curative Compound is reduced to $30 00. Office—PARK Row and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK. See extended notice on first page. Books, with Photographic likeness of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.

june23—d&w1m,3dp,n,4,y,m

Atlanta Broom Works.

MEASURES NOT MEN.
BROOMS, NOT WHISKS.

Atlanta Broom Works.

We make the BEST BROOMS at a reasonable price and desire the patronage of the merchants of Atlanta. Call and examine our work. County orders solicited.

No. 27 Luckie Street, Atlanta, Ga.

june3 d1m. A. S. LYNCH PETLEY.

Desirable Property for Sale in Fairburn, Georgia.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the lower part of Georgia, offers at private sale that valuable family residence immediately on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and better known as the Gignilliatt place, consisting of a most elegant dwelling, with 13 large and well ventilated rooms, together with several other nice cottage buildings attached. Four acres of ground with a beautiful grove, vegetable and flower garden, clover field, fruit trees, vines, &c. Terms—One-third cash, and the balance in easy payments Apply to Mrs. C. T. Gignilliatt, at her residence, n Marietta, Ga june30—d2taw3m

Factory Property FOR SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the fourth day of July next, we will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door, in Douglasville, in Douglas county, all the lands, water powers, &c., belonging to the late

New Manchester Manufacturing Company,

formerly known as the "Sweet Water Factory." The tract contains one hundred and thirty-three acres, more or less, and consists of land lot 882, and parts of land lots 833, 829, 828, 954 and 953, all in the 18th district of originally Cherokee, but now Douglas county. Sweet Water Creek runs through the tract, and affords one of the

Best Water Powers in the South,

sufficient for running the largest factory. The factory building was burned during the war, but foundation and walls still remain, and the dam is in good order, and the factory buildings can soon be replaced. There are now a number of operatives boarding houses situated on the Metita and North Georgia Railroad runs near the tract. No location in the South affords better natural

Advantages for a Factory.

This sale will be made under a decree (for partition) rendered by the Superior Court of Douglas county.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash, and balance in six months with ten per cent. interest

Capitalists will be shown the property by calling on either of the undersigned at Douglasville. Titles undoubted.

Map of the property can be seen at the office of McConnell & Heyward, Attorneys, Atlanta, Ga

JOHN GLOVER,
W. N. McGOUIRK,
JNO. C. HOWDEN,
Commissioners.

ju ne1—d2tw1d

FOR SALE,

4 Desirable Places
IN N. E. GEORGIA.

NO 1—Containing 270 acres, with Lime Kiln, 6 miles from Toccoa Falls.

No. 2—450 acres, three miles from Nacoochee Valley, with comfortable residence.

No. 3—300 acres in Nacoochee Valley, nice six room Cottage.

No. 4—2,100 acres, six miles from Mount Airy, embracing the finest

Water Power

n the State Address J. H. NICHOLS,
may1 —d3tawzm Nacoochee Valley, Ga.

NOTICE.

We this day forewarn any party not to trade for note No. 3, amounting to $469, given by us to H. Rich, agent, and now in possession of Wm. Rich. Also, note No. 3, given to and held by H. Rich, agent, and held by Wm. Rich, for $469. Said notes will not be paid by us—value for consideration having failed.

MARY TURNER,
july1—dtf A. M. TURNER.

NOTICE.

NORCROSS HOTEL, 20 miles northeast of Atlanta; on the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, where we are prepared to accommodate a few summer boarders. Those desiring large and comfortable rooms, and a delightful climate and the best water N Georgia affords, will do well to stop with us. Atlanta merchants desiring to spend the day in the city and the night with their families where they can breathe the pure fresh air, will find the trains running for their convenience. Our price for board and lodging is as follows: Board, for single day, $2; single week, $8; two weeks or more, $7 per week; per month, where there are two or more, $25 per month, and one occupying a room to himself, $30 per month. Deductions made for large families. J. G. TRAMMELL,
june21—dtf Proprietor.

Rule Nisi.

Georgia, Fulton County. The Bank of the State of Georgia vs. John R. Wallace. Rule nisi to foreclose mortgage in superior court of said county, spring term, 1876.

IT APPEARING to the court by the petition of the bank of the state of Georgia, (accompanied by the draft and mortgage deed) that on the 17th day of December, 1875, the defendant made his hand and seal, made and delivered to the plaintiff his certain draft drawn on A K Seago and accepted by said Seago and payable to the order of W W Bell, cashier of the said bank of the state of Georgia, bearing date the day and year of our Lord, whereby the defendant ordered and directed the said A K Seago ninety days after date, without grace, to pay to the order of said Payee, eight thousand dollars ($8,000), with interest at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from maturity, together with all cost and counsel fees for collection. And that afterwards, on the day and year aforesaid, the defendant, the better to secure the payment of said draft, executed and delivered to the plaintiff his deed of mortgage, whereby the said defendant mortgaged to the plaintiff lots of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, state of Georgia and county of Fulton, and described as follows: 1st, being lot No. 50, in said city, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, being part of land lot No. 46 of county and state aforesaid, said Bradley property, subdivision described as follow: Lot No 8, fronting 49 11-100 feet on west side of Randolph street and running back 126 50-100 feet; also lots Nos 21 and 19 each fronting 49 11-100 feet on the east side of Badley street, and running back 126 50-100 feet; also lots Nos 24, 28, 25 and 29 fronting each 49 feet on the west side of Bradley street and running back 123 feet, also lots Nos 32, 31, and 29, fronting each 49 feet on the east side of Howland street, and running back 123 feet; also lots Nos. 9 and 10 each fronting 49 11-100 feet on west side of Randolph street and running back 126 50-100 feet; also lot No. 36, fronting 49 11-100 feet on the east side of Bradley street, and running back 126 50-100 feet, and also lots Nos 26, 27, 30 and 31, fronting each 49 11-100 feet on the west side of Bradly street and running back 123 feet. All the above being eighteen (18) lots in number, and being part of the said Bradleys subdivision in said land lot No 46, in said 14th district and in said state and county, being lots bought by said Wallace from C J Cary, guardian of J J Bradley's estate, here conveyed were deeded said Wallace by said Cary, guardian as aforesaid, and the lots hereby conveyed being more definitely described in said deed, being 41 lots in number. And it further appearing that said draft remains unpaid, it is therefore ordered, that the said defendant do pay into court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, the principal, interest, counsel fees for foreclosure, and cost of this proceedings due on said draft, or show cause to the contrary, if any he has. And that on the failure of the defendant so to do, the equity of redemption in and to said mortgage premises be forever thereafter foreclosed and barred. And it is further ordered, that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION once a month for four months previous to the next term of this court, or served on the defendant or his special agent or attorney at least four months previous to the next term of this court.

McCAY & TRIPPE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

By the Court, April 18, 1876.

C. PEEPLES, Judge S. & A. C.

True extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

apr20—d1amdm WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

New Advertisements.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

A GREAT OFFER! *During this month we will dispose of 100 new and second-hand PIANOS and ORGANS of first-class makers, including WATERS' at lower prices than ever before offered. New 7 Octave Pianos for $260 Second-hand Pianos for $125. Terms, $40 cash and $10 monthly until paid. New 5 Octave & Stop Organs with book closets and stool warranted for $100. $50 cash, and $5 monthly until paid. Illustrated Catalogue mailed. AGENTS WANTED. HORACE WATERS & SONS, 481 Broadway, N. Y.* may26—d&w1y

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES, (nine weeks), begin 19th July, 1876 and end 15th September. Have proved of signal use, 1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law-school; 2d, to those who propose to read privately; and 3rd, to practioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.

SOLID WEALTH!
$60,000 IN GIFTS!

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public!
A FORTUNE FOR ONLY $12.

THE KENTUCKY CASH DISTRIBUTION COMPANY authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF FRANKFORT, will have the first of their series of Cash Drawings, at MASON HALL, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

Thos. P. Porter, Ex-Gov. Ky., Gen'l Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT!

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25 000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	19 each	190,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters, $3; 9 Tickets, $100; 19 Tickets, $200; 46¾ Tickets, $500; 95¾ Tickets, $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Post-office Money Order Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
General Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address

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A complete list of American Newspapers, numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published; Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings, Rooms, or Offices, just issued. Mailed, post-paid, to any address for 35 cents. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co., New York.

EVERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.

june20—d&w1w

DIVORCES quietly obtained for incompatibility, &c. Legal everywhere. Affidavits sufficient proof. Fee after decree. Address (with stamp)

E. S. MARVYN,
85 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.
june10—d&w1m

Doors, Sashes, Blinds,
MOULDINGS, MANTELS,
Stair Rails, Balusters, Newels, Window Glass, and READY MIXED PAINTS, at

Reduced Prices.

SAMPLE PRICES—12 light glazed windows, 7x10, $1 00; 8x10, $1 10; 8x12, $2 10. Pony par t doors, 2-10x6 10, 3x6 6 and 3x7, 1¾ thick, $2 15. Blinds, 10x16, 12 light windows, $1 90; 10x18, $2 15, and a similar reduction from our general Price List on all other goods. Terms cash. Send for circulars.

JENNINGS & ASHLEY,
31 & 33 Broad Street near the Bridge.
may23—d&w y

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an order of the Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, there will be sold on the 14th of July, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, and on said day the following personal property of J. H. Callaway, deceased:

A large and varied assortment of household and kitchen furniture, including a splendid Grand Piano, handsome parlor and bed room furniture, beds, bedding, carpets, china and other crockery, silverware, &c., &c.

Also, one grey horse, one pony phaeton, just repaired, harness wagon, saddle, e c. To be sold at No. 4 Mitchell street, and parties can see the property there.

Also, the Executor will sell 80 shares in Bank of State of Georgia; 190 shares Castle Rock Coal Company; 10 shares Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad Company; 20 shares Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company; 1 share Atlanta Cotton Factory.

Parties desiring to purchase the stocks can correspond with the Executor.

The sale will commence at 4 Mitchell street, will be rented on 14th inst., if not rented before that date.

W. O. TUGGLE,
Executor.
July 4, 1876—d10t LaGrange, Georgia.

Origin of Man,

A LITTLE BOOK of 47 pages. Consists of an argument proving the PRE-EXISTENCE of the human SOUL, as a reply to DARWINIANISM, SPIRITUALISM, &c., &c. By James P. Simmons, of Norcross, Georgia.

Regular price, 25 cents. But to all PREACHERS of the Gospel, 10 cents. Postage paid. Liberal deduction made to Book Dealers. For sale by Phillips & Crew, and J. R. Scarratt, Atlanta, Ga.

July4—d1m

Coal, Coal, Coal.

500 CARLOADS COAL at summerprices. At Montevallo, Cahaba, Red Ash, Alabama, and Coal Creek. We have arranged for and are now prepared to receive and fill orders for Coal at summer prices and low freights. Early summer is the time to lay in Coal for winter (before the rush comes) as you get better selected Lump and dry weights. Send in your orders.

SCIPLE & SONS,
59 Decatur st.
june18—dsun-tues&frilme-9dp

Ice! Ice! Ice!

WILL be sold in Atlanta, the balance of the season, at reduced prices, by the Macon Factory, from their Depot in Cunningham's Warehouse, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, fronting Central Railroad track.

Dealers furnished. july2—d3t

Lime, Lime, Lime.

SHELBY, ALABAMA AND GEORGIA LIME by barrel and car load. We are general agents for Caleb, Shelby, Ala., Lime Works for Georgia and the Carolinas. Analysis of our Shelby we do. Our Shelby makes 9 bushels Slacked Lime to the barrel, while no other Lime makes over about 6. We sell at lowest figures. We have special rates of Freight to points in Georgia and the Carolinas.

SCIPLES & SONS,
59 Decatur st.
june18—dsun-tues&frilm-9dp

Kennesaw Mills.

THESE mills having recently been purchased by us, we are now prepared to offer to the public all those familiar brands of flour made by Messrs. Cook & Cheek. Our Mr. T. H. Cheek, who was one of the late firm of Cook & Cheek, is now a partner of the present firm, and is in charge of the

Manufacturing Department

same as heretofore. Consequently we can safely guarantee our grades fully up to the standard of our predecessors. Our firm is composed of T. H. Cheek, M. G. Whitlock and Jno. R. Winters. All orders must be sent to us at Marietta, Ga. For the sale of flour in Atlanta we have secured the services of J. H. Eames, who is so well and favorably known to the trade.

CHEEK, WHITLOCK & Co.
june4-d1f.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

FFFFFF

Cheaper Than Ever!

Grenadines, Black Silks, Marseilles, Piques, Calicoes, Percales, Parasols, Traveling Linens, Bleached Goods, Mattings, Carpets, Shades, Oil Cloths.

No Disappointments!

CALL AT

FORCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.

38 Whitehall Street.

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

FORCHGOTT & CO.

BEBEBE

ARTHUR C. FORD,
DENTIST
69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Up McDonough Street Cars past the door. '75

RHEUMATISM

DR. RUSSELL'S

Rheumatic Remedy

NEVER FAILS.

Price, $5 00 per bot. N. 43 Broad street Atlanta, Ga. aug9-d6m3dp

Fulton Sheriff's Sale.

ON and after the first of August next, the legal advertising of the Sheriff's office will appear in the Atlanta Daily Times.

A. M. PERKERSON,
july2—d3t Sheriff.

& HARNESS

MANUFACTURER,
96 Whitehall Street,

EV

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Dates Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
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National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale.

Address W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,
june3—dtf Atlanta Ga.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

Probabilities: For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, falling followed rising barometer, southerly veering to western winds, and partly cloudy weather, and frequent thunder storms will prevail.

Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, higher barometer, southwesterly southeast winds, and continued partly cloudy weather, and possibly the western portions local rains.

FERTILIZERS IN GEORGIA.

Dr. Thomas Tanes commissioner of agriculture, has placed on our table his circular on "Analysis and statistics of fertilizers sold in Georgia during 1875-6."

Dr. Means at Savannah inspected 30,284 tons of guano. There were shipped from Savannah 49,750 tons, an excess of 12,484 tones over that inspected arising from through shipments.

O. P. Fitzsimmons at Augusta reports receipts of guano at that point 17,379 tons—of this 1840 tons were left over.

Dr. J. S. Lawton, of Atlanta, inspected 6,660 tons.

Dr. J. W. Janes, at Rome, inspected 750 tons.

Dr. J. Emmett Blackshear, of Macon, inspected 140 tons of Hunt, Rankin & Lamar's home made fertilizer. 45 tons left over.

Dr. G. C. Wheeler, at Graysville, inspected 103 tons of Gray's fertilizing compound.

5,538 tons were sold at Athens, and 186 tons left over.

Sept. 1, 1875, 3,987 tons were left over. Sept. 1, 1876, 2,760 tons were left over.

During 1875-6, 56,316 tons were inspected.

The average commercial value of fertilizers sold in 1874-5 was $36.68; in 1875-6, $44.83, an increase of $6.15, or nearly 16 per cent in one year.

The average price per ton in 1874-5 was $50.38; in 1875-6, $46.63.

Taking together the improvement in quality and the reduction in price, we have a practical reduction in favor of the consumer of twenty-three and four one-hundredths per cent., or $9.88 per ton, or on the 56,596 tons sold in the state a saving to the whole state of $559,168.48—mainly the result of the publications issued from this department, through which the various brands have been brought into direct competition on their merits.

Again, the sale of several brands of low grade has been forbidden. Others have been driven from the market by the contrast which was made of their quality with that of other brands of high grade.

The average time price is $54.94, or 2¼ per cent a month on the average cash price.

The average cotton option price is $61.13, or nearly four per cent a month on the cash price.

The average cash price of the non-ammoniated fertilizers, 1874-5, was $43.91; in 1875-6, $38.60, a reduction on this class of fertilizers of $5.31 per ton, or 12 per cent on the price of 1874-75. The average commercial value of non-ammoniated fertilizers in 1874-5 was $36.47, in 1875-6 it is $43.65, making an improvement in quality in this class of fertilizers of $7.18, or 16 per cent on that of 1874-5. The total improvement, therefore, in this class, is 28 per cent. Six thousand four hundred and forty-nine tons of this class of fertilizers have been used this year for composting. Correspondents report 46 per cent of all the fertilizers purchased, composted.

Those who had failed to protect their home manures used the ammoniated fertilizers for composting: 26,034 tons were used in compost in the state, and 30,662 tons used without composting.

As experience has shown that the compost, properly made, is of equal agricultural value with the best commercial fertilizers, the 26,034 tons, compared to one of the commercial fertilizer, is equivalent to 104,136 tons of commercial fertilizers, which, added to the 30,562 tons used without composting, makes the total number of tons of commercial fertilizers and compost used in the state this year, 134,698.

The 104,136 tons of compost, at the value of an average outlay in cash of ten dollars per ton, cost $1,041,360, little over half what the 104,136 tons of commercial fertilizers and equal agricultural value would have cost at the quality and price of the preceding season.

Crediting the improvement in quality to the work of the department, it has saved to the farmers of Georgia, in this way alone, $348,065,40 in one year. Add to this the amount saved by the more general adoption of the compost in consequence of its recommendation in previous circulars, and a million dollars will not cover the amount saved to the farmers of Georgia in fertilizers alone by the work of the department.

The correspondents of the department report only fourteen per cent of the fertilizers purchased during the the last season paid for in cash, the remaining eighty-six per cent having been bought principally at the cotton option price, to be paid for in cotton next November at 18c per pound. The fertilizer account of the state stands, then, about as follows:

Paid in cash	$ 309,628 47
To be paid in cotton next November	2,975,353 59
Total	$3,344,982 06

The table contains the analysis o 108 brands of fertilizers and fertilizing chemicals. Of these

2 are of chemicals,
7 are of natural guanos,
2 are alkaline fertilizers, based to some extent on the "Mineral Theory" of fertilization.

96 are manufactured articles, made in accordance with the usual theory of fertilization.

"TILDEN'S nomination is very popular. It pleases all the republicans and some democrats."—Indianapolis Journal.

That's so. It is very popular, and will please exactly enough democrats to elect him. We are not concerned very much whether any republicans are pleased or not, but if the novelty of seeing honesty in office can bring pleasure to that leaky crowd, then the future promises them an abundance.

PRESIDENT GRANT says that since Tilden is nominated, he is now assured of the success of Governor Hayes. If Ulysses had ever received the gift of prophecy along with the many other gifts that have been bestowed upon him, and which by the way, he has never failed to pocket, the country might feel badly about this. But as the case stands, Ulysses' opinion don't hurt much. There are Belknap and Blaine, and a host of others for instance, concerning whom the great Ulysses once felt assured of a good many things that he don't feel assured of now, and so it will be with Hayes.

Revive the Drooping Energies.

When the physical energies droop, revive them with that safest and most active of tonics, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By a timely use of this salutary and agreeable medicine you will save yourself from positive disease; for, be assured that the languor and loss of strength and appetite which troubles you is in fact the precursor of some malady of, perhaps, a serious nature. Appetite, tranquility of the nervous system, and pristine vigor, will assuredly be restored if the Bitters are used systematically, and the alimentary disturbance, which in nine cases out of ten gives rise to debility and nervousness, be entirely removed. Regularity of the bowels, active biliary secretion, the expulsion of impurities from the blood through the kidneys, are also among the beneficient effects of this admirable restorative

july1—d1w&wt1,1stp

Rule Nisi.

The Cotton States Life Insurance Company vs. John R. Wallace. Rule nisi to foreclose Mortgage. Fulton Superior Court, Spring Term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court by the petition of the Cotton States Life Insurance Company, that on the sixth day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-one, John R. Wallace, of said county, at Macon, in the county of Bibb, and state aforesaid, made and delivered to said petitioner his certain instrument in writing commonly called a promissory note, whereby, twelve months after date thereof he promised to pay to the order of petitioner two thousand dollars for value received; said note being payable at petitioner's office in Macon, Georgia, with interest from the date thereof at the rate of ten per centum per annum, payable semi-annually. And that afterwards, on the second day and year in the county of Fulton, the said John R. Wallace the better to secure the payment of said note, executed and delivered to said petitioner his deed of mortgage, whereby the said John R. Wallace conveyed to said petitioner "A lot of land lying in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, State aforesaid, known and distinguished in the plan of said city as block fifteen (15), containing eight acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by Irwin street, on the east by Rolling Mill street, on the south by Wheat street, on the west by Jackson street, being part of land lot numb r forty-six (46), in the fourteenth (14) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county." Conditioned that if said John R. Wallace, his heir., executors or administrators, shou d pay said petitioner or its assigns, the amount of money in said promissory note mentioned, with twelve interest, according to the tenor and effect thereof then as well said deed of mortg ge as the said promissory note to be void, otherwise to rem in in force.

And it further appearing that said note remains unpaid, it is therefore ordered that the said John R. wallace do pay into the Court by the first day of the next term thereof the principal, interest and costs due on said note, or show cause to the contrary, if any he has, and that on failure of the defendant so to do, the Equity of R demption in and to said mortgaged promises be forever thereafter barred and fo e closed.

And it is further ordered that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a paper published in said county, once a month for four months, or a copy thereof served on said John R. Wallace, his special agent or attorney, at least three months previous to the next term of this Court

By the Court. This 24th day of April, 1876.

C. PEEPLES,
Judge S. C., A. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court

WM. H VENABLE, D. C.
FRY & KING,

Rule Nisi.

Georgia, Fulton county,—The Bank of the State of Georgia vs. J. R. Wallace. Rule Nisi to foreclose mortgage. In Superior Court of said county, spring term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court by the petition of the Bank of the State of Georgia (accompanied by the note and mortgage deed) that on the 17th day of January, 1876, the defendant made and delivered to the plaintiff his certain promissory note, given under his hand and seal, payable to plaintiff or bearer, for the sum of twenty eight hundred and forty four dollars, endorsed by A. K. Seago, bearing interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the date and payable quarterly, and all costs and counsel fees for collection of note if sued, said note bearing same date above given and due three months thereafter. And afterwards for the better securing the payment of said note on the day and year aforesaid, the defendant executed and delivered to the plaintiff his certain deed of mortgage, thereby mortgaging to the plaintiff the following described property, to-wit, being city property and lots in the city of Atlanta, state and county aforesaid, being a sub-division of city block seven (7) in the second (2) ward of said city, said lots fronting on McDaniel, Crowell and Baldwin streets, and described thus: lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, fronting each on the east side of McDaniel street, 42½ feet, more or less, and running back east of uniform width 115 feet; also lots No. 17 fronting on the east side of McDaniel street 65 feet and runs back east of uniform width 115 feet; also lots 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16, fronts each 42½ feet on west side of Baldwin street and extends west same width 115 feet; also lot No. 18 fronts on west side of Baldwin street 65 feet and extends west 115 feet; also lots Nos. 19, 21, 23, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, and 40, each fronts 42 feet on east side of Baldwin street and runs back of same width 100 feet. also lots 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, and 39, each fronts 32 feet on west side of Crowell street, and runs back same width of front line 100 feet, said block being part of land lot No. 46 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, known in the plan and sub-division of the city of Atlanta as above described. And it further appearing that said note remains unpaid, it is therefore ordered that said defendant do pay into court on or before the first day of the next term thereof the principal, interest and three hundred dollars counsel fees for foreclosure; and also cost of this proceedings due on said draft, or show cause to the contrary if any he has. And that on the failure of the defendant so to do, the equity of redemption in and to said mortgage premises, be forever thereafter barred and foreclosed. And it is further ordered that this Rule be published in the Atlanta Constitution once a month for four months previous to the next term of this court, or served on the defendant or his special agent or attorney at least three months previous to the next term of this court.

By the court, April 20, 1876.

C. PEEPLES, Judge S. C. A. C.

True extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.
apr30-1am4m

Obituary.

SCHUMANN—Died, Sunday, July 2d, 1876, Carl T. Schumann, infant son of Theo. Schumann.

SOUDERS—Died, in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 23, 1876, Mrs. Souders, wife of Robert Souders, Esq., of this city. She will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends in Atlanta.

New Advertisements.

The Commencement Exercises
OF ACADEMY OF
Immaculate Conception,
Conducted by
SISTERS OF MERCY,
Will take place at
DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,
Thursday Evening, July 6th,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Doors open at 7 p. m. Admission, 25 cents.
july6—d1t

GEORGIA, Campbell county.
Ordinary's Office, July 4, 1876.

JOHN W. COOK has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock a. m., on the 20th day of July, 1876, at my office. R. C. BEAVERS,
july6—w2t Ordinary.

Libel for Divorce.

Amanda Anderson vs Arch S. Anderson—Libel for Divorce. In Fulton Superior Court—Spring Term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court that said defendant does not reside in the county of Fulton, and it further appearing that he does not reside in the State of Georgia, it is, on motion, ordered by the Court, that the said defendant appear and answer at the next term of said Superior Court, or that said cause be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed.

It is further ordered that service of this rule be made upon said defendant by the publication of the same in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a public gazette in the city of Atlanta, in said State, once a month for four months, prior to said term of this Court. In open Court June 29th, 1876.

THOMAS FINLEY,
Petitioners Attorney

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court, 29th June, 1876.

july6—d1am4m WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

King's Mountain Military School,
YORKVILLE, S. C.

NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course. Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to

JOHN LOWRY,
july6-dedo3m COL. A. COWARD, Principal.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF THE
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.
Morning Supplementary, Class 319, July 5, 1876.

8 62 36 13 74 49 20 28 56 40 78

Evening Supplementary, Class 320 July 5, 1876.

41 51 19 38 5 55 26 12 28 22 33 31 53

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 5th day of July, 1876.
E. S. MORRIS,
july6—dtf Manager.

Carroll Masonic Institute,
CARROLLTON, GA.

FALL TERM opens on second Thursday, in August. Tuition for term, $9, $15 or $21, according to grade of studies pursued.

Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates.

Both sexes received

JOHN M. RICHARDSON,
july6—d1m President and Proprietor.

Jeff Davis House,
By MRS. T. J. S. CLARKE,
NEWNAN..... GEORGIA,

LARGE rooms for transient and summer visitors. The traveling public would do well to give her house a call. july6—d1f

BY JOYNER & ELLIS, Auc'rs.

Indoor Auction Sale,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 6th inst., 10 o'clock, of desirable

Shelf Goods,
Notions,
Shoes,
Crockery, Glassware,
Furniture, Books,
Baby Carriages, Harness, &c,

july6—d1t

Notre Dame
—OF—
Maryland Collegiate Institute
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.

CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 3 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every accessory for health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of society. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.

PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.

YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accommodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen pupilative applications are made before the 25th of August.

Educational advantages are the same for all.

For particulars, send for Catalogue.

july4—d10w

Rule Nisi.

The Life Association of America vs John R. Wallace. Spring term, Superior Court of Fulton county, Georgia.

Present the Hon Cincinnatus Peeples, judge of said court.

IT APPEARING to the court by the petition of the Life Association of America, a company, incorporated by the laws of the state of Missouri and authorized by its charter to transact business in the State of Georgia, that on the eighteenth day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-three, at Atlanta, in said state of Georgia, John R Wallace, a said county, made and delivered to your petitioner his certain instrument in writing, commonly called a promissory note, bearing date, the day and yer aforesaid, whereby, One year after the date thereof he promised to pay to the order of your petitioner two thousand dollars (with cost of collection) at the Citizen's Bank of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga, for value received, with interest from April 18, 1874, at the rate of ten per cent per ann m payable semi-annually, and that on the eighteenth day of April, 1873, in the said county of Fulton, the said John R Wallace, the better to secure the payment of said promissory note, executed and delivered to your petitioner, his deed of mortgage, whereby he conveyed to your petitioner, "All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in said county known and described as the east half of block number fourteen of original land lot number forty-six (46) of the fourteenth (14) district of originally Henry, then DeKalb, and now Fulton county, said east half being bounded north by Irwin street, east by Jackson street, and south by old Wheat street, and west by lands of Lewis, except one-fourth of an acre in the north west corner, fronting on Irwin street, which the said John R Wallace heretofore sold off from said east half to Wm C Lawshe." Conditioned, that if the said John R Wallace, his heirs executors or administrators should well and truly pay or cause to be paid unto your petitioner, its successors and assigns the said sum of money in said promissory note mentioned with lawful interest for the same and all the expenses of the collection of said note according to the tenor and effect thereof, that then the said deed of mortgage and said promissory note should cease and become and be null and void to all intents and purposes. And it further appearing to the court that said promissory note remains unpaid, and also the said sum of two hundred and fifty dollars cost of collecting said note, as aforesaid, is due and unpaid, it is, therefore, ordered, that the said John R Wallace do pay into his court, by the first day of the next term thereof, be principal, interest and costs, due in said note, and also the said sum of two hundred and fifty dollars expenses or collection of said note, or show cause to the contrary, if there be any; and that on the failure of said John R Wallace so to do, the Equity of Redemption in and to said mortgaged premises be forever thereafter barred and foreclosed.

And it is further ordered that this rule be published in the Atlanta Constitution, a paper published in said county, once a month for four months or a copy thereof served on the said John R Wallace, or his special agent or attorney, at least three months previous to the next term of this court.

L. J. GARTRELL,
Petitioner's Attorney.

By the Court, April 12th, 1876.

C. PEEPLES, Judge S. C. A. C.

A true extract taken from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

apr14—d1am4m WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

RUPTURE

DR. J. A. SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling Imitation appliances and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G. Crompton, was arrested in Pennsylvania for selling Sherman's secret. The game is to exact $50 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspecting, while Dr. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliance and Curative Compound is reduced to $30 00. Office—PARK Row and ANN STREETS, New York. See extended cards, sixth page, first column. Book, with Photographic likeness of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.

june23—d&w1m,3dp,m,f,r,m

Atlanta Broom Works.

MEASURES NOT MEN.
BROOMS, NOT WHISKS.

Atlanta Broom Works.

We make the BEST BROOMS at a reasonable price and desire the patronage of the merchants of Atlanta. Call and examine our work. County orders solicited.

No. 27 Luckie Street, Atlanta, Ga.

june5 dlm A. S. LENFESTEY.

Desirable Property for Sale in Fairmount, Georgia.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the lower portion of Georgia, offers at private sale that valuable family residence immediately on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and better known as the Gignilliatt place, consisting of a most elegant dwelling, with 13 large and well ventilated rooms, together with several other nice cottage buildings attached. Four acres of ground with a beautiful grove, vegetable and flower garden, clover field, fruit trees, vines, &c. Terms—One-third cash, and the balance in easy payments. Apply to Mrs. C. T. Gignilliatt, at her residence, n Marietta, Ga june20—d3taw3m

Factory Property
FOR SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the fourth day of July next, we will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door, in Douglasville, in Douglas county, all the lands, water powers, &c., belonging to the late

New Manchester Manufacturing Company,

formerly known as the "Sweet Water Factory.' The tract contains one hundred and thirty-three acres, more or less, and consists of land lot 882, and parts of land lots 883, 829, 828, 954 and 953, all in the 18th district of originally Cherokee, but now Douglas County. Sweet Water Creek runs through the tract, and affords one of the

Best Water Powers in the South,

sufficient for running the largest factory. The factory building was burned during the war, but foundation and walls still remain, and the dam is in good order, and the factory buildings can soon be replaced. There are two sets of operatives houses conveniently situated. The Marietta and North Georgia Railroad runs near the tract. No location in the South affords better natural

Advantages for a Factory.

This sale will be made under a decree (for partition) rendered by the Superior Court of Douglas county.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash, and balance in six months with ten per cent. interest

Capitalists will be shown the property by calling on either of the undersigned at Douglasville. Titles undebunted.

Map of the property can be seen at the office of McConnell & Heyward, Attorneys, Atlanta, Ga

JOHN W. COOK,
W. N. McGOUIRK,
JNO. C. BOWDEN,
ju ne1—d2twtd Commissioners.

FOR SALE,
4 Desirable Places
IN N. E. GEORGIA.

NO 1—Containing 270 acres, with Lime Kiln, 6 miles from Toccoa Falls.

No. 2—450 acres, three miles from Nacoochee Valley, with comfortable residence.

No. 3—300 acres in Nacoochee Valley, nice six room cottage.

No. 4—2,100 acres, six miles from Mount Airy, embracing the finest

Water Power

in the State Address J. H. NICHOLS,
may1 —d1taw2m Nacoochee Valley, Ga.

NOTICE.

We this dhy forewarn any party not to trade for note No. 2, amounting to $169, given by us to H. Rich, agent, and now in possession of Wm. Rich. Also, note No. 3, given to and held by H. Rich, agent, and held by Wm. Rich, for $469. Said notes will not be paid by us—value for consideration having failed.

MARY TURNER,
july1—dtf A. M. TURNER.

NOTICE.

NORCROSS HOTEL, 20 miles northeast of Atlanta, on the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, where we are prepared to accommodate a few summer boarders. Those desiring large and comfortable rooms, and a delightful climate and the best water in Georgia affords, will do well to stop with us. Atlanta merchants desiring to spend the the day in the city and the night with their families where they can breathe the pure fresh air, will find the trains running to suit their convenience. Our price for board and lodging is one dollar per day, for single day, $2; single week, $8; two weeks or more, $7 per week; per month, where there are two or more, $25 per month, and one occupying a room to himself, $30 per month. Deductions made for large families. J. G. TRAMMELL,
june21—dtf Proprietor.

Rule Nisi.

Georgia, Fulton County. The Bank of the State of Georgia vs. John R. Wallace. Rule nisi to foreclose mortgage in superior court of said county, spring term, 1876.

IT APPEARING to the court by the petition of the bank of the state of Georgia, (accompanied by the draft and mortgage deed) that on the 17th day of December, 1875, the defendant made his hand and seal, made and delivered to the plaintiff his certain draft drawn on A K Seago and accepted by said Seago and payable to the order of W W Bell, cashier of the said bank of the state of Georgia, sixty days after date of said draft, and whereby the defendant ordered and directed the said A K Seago ninety days after date, without grace, to pay to the order of said Payee, eight thousand dollars ($8,000), with interest at the rate of twelve per centum per annum, quarterly, together with all cost and counsel fees for collection. And that afterwards, on the day and year aforesaid, the defendant, the better to secure the payment of said draft, executed and delivered to the plaintiff his deed of mortgage, whereby the said defendant mortgaged to the plaintiff lots of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, state of Georgia and county of Fulton, and described as follows: 1st, being lot in said city, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, being part of land lot No 50, said city lots being part of the Luckie property subdivision, and known and distinguished by certain numbers, fronting on Collins street, Merrett's avenue, Pine street and Forsyth street, as follows: Nos 5, 6, and 8, each fronting on the east side of Collins street, and extending east 140 feet; lot No. 8 fronts on Collins street and Merrett's avenue, the southeast corner of said street; and also lots Nos 10, 11 and 13 each fronts on the south side of Merrett's avenue, and extends south fronting each 48 feet on Merritt's avenue, and extending back 140 feet; lots Nos 15 and 16 fronts each 33 feet on the south side of Merrett's avenue, and extends back south of same width 140 feet; also lot No 19 fronts on the west side of Calhoun street 47½ feet, and extends back west 142 feet, being of same width front to rear; also lots Nos 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, and 27, fronts each on north side of Pine street 47½ feet, and extending back north same width, each of front 140 feet, being on the north side of said Pine street, between Calhoun and Collins street; also lot No 30 fronts on the west side of a 20 feet alley, which runs from Merrett's avenue to Pine street, fronting on said west side of said alley 47½ feet, more or less, and extending back west 142 feet, being same width front to rear. also lot No 31 fronts 47½ feet on the east side of a twenty feet alley, running north and south from Pine street to Merrett's avenue, and extending east 144 feet of same width front to rear, line being in the rear of and adjoining lots Nos 12 and 13, herein before described, (and also No 14 of said survey, now belonging to said Luckie estate); also lots Nos 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 38, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extends back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, and 46, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and 58, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, and 68, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, and 88, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, and 98, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, and 108, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, and 118, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, and 128, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, and 138, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, and 148, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, and 158, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, and 168, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, and 178, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, and 188, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, and 198, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, and 208, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, and 218, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, and 228, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, and 238, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, and 248, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, and 258, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, and 268, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, and 278, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, and 288, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, and 298, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, and 308, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, and 318, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, and 328, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, and 338, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, and 348, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, and 358, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, and 368, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, and 378, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, and 388, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, and 398, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, and 408, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, and 418, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, and 428, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, and 438, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, and 448, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, and 458, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, and 468, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, and 478, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, and 488, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, and 498, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, and 508, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, and 518, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, and 528, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, and 538, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, and 548, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, and 558, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, and 568, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, and 578, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, and 588, fronts each 42 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, and extending back south of same width 140 feet, and now belonging to said Luckie estate; also lots Nos 589, 590, 591, 592

PREFERRED LOCALS.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

The Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dif

Sensible Advice.

You are asked every day through the column of newspapers and by your druggists to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as sour stomach, sick headache habitual costiveness, palpitation of the heart, heart-burn, water-brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your druggist, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale agents, and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you. apri-deodawly

Special Notice,

To purchasers of Lard Oils, West Virginia Oils and Coach Candles are particularly requested to get my prices before purchasing elsewhere. All orders promptly filled at 8d. Louis or Cincinnati prices.

Railroad Supplies a specialty.

AMOS FOX,
No 4 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.
Agent for Buckeye Oil Works,
Cincinnati, O.
Also, Inland Oil Works,
St. Louis, Mo.,
Gunnison, Hamiltons & Miller, Proprietors.
may7-d3m

BLACK DIAMOND COAL.

Creek Coal.

W. S. Grisham will sell, by car load, or in any quantity desired, this celebrated Coal during the summer months, at

LOW RATES.

Orders solicited. Office, 56 Alabama street, near the car shed, Atlanta, Georgia.

june28—dtnes,thurs&sun,tf

Away to the Mountains.

Excursion arrangements to the Piedmont Hotel, Gainesville, Georgia, every Saturday at — o'clock p. m., returning Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Round trip, including accommodations, has been reduced by the railroad and proprietor of this grand hotel to $6 25.

Tickets for round trip, including accommodations, for sale by the railroad agents.

Grand Opening Ball on the arrival of the first excursion train of the season on Saturday next.

Parties desiring accommodations in the mountains of North Georgia should take advantage of these special rates issued in favor of the Piedmont Hotel. june29—d1w

Now on exhibition and for sale at reduced prices:

50 Linen Ladies' Suits,
50 Ladies' Dusters,
400 Silk and Gingham Parasols, at
E. CAHN'S,
july6—d1t 71 Whitehall street.

Turkish Bath for Ladies.

Every day in the forenoon, except Saturdays. For beauty and health superior to all the drugs and cosmetics in the universe. One trial of the grand luxury will prove this. Rooms, Loyd street, opposite Markham House.

july2—dsun-tues&fri-tf

New Advertisements.

Indoor auction sale—Joyner & Ellis.
Jeff Davis House—Mrs. T. J. S. Clarke.
Carroll Masonic Institute—J. M. Richardson.
Georgia State Lottery—E S Morris.
Obituary of Mrs Robert Sonders.
Three tickets to Philadelphia—A Haas & Bro.
Dime entertainment.
Maryland collegiate Institute—School Sisters.
Great auction sale—Henry P. Shackelford.
House and lot for sale—31 Gilmer street.
3 houses for sale or rent—J. G. Reynolds.
King's Mountain School—A. Coward.
Libel for divorce—Wm. H Venable.
Exemption—R. C. Beavers.
Commencement exercises of the Academy of the Immaculate Conception.
Obituary of Carl T. Schumann.
Two pianos for rent or sale—Phillips & Crew.
White pine doors, etc—Jennings & Asahley.
Ladies' linen suits, etc—E Cahn.
Sanitary commission meets to-night.

Great Auction Sale at 119 Whitehall Street.

On Saturday, July 8th, at 4½ p. m., I will commence selling, at auction, the entire stock of goods belonging to J. T. Richberg, comprising everything in the Housefurnishing line

Come, everybody. Now is your time to save money. HENRY P. SHACKELFORD,
july6—d2t Auctioneer.

The Dime Entertainment

Of the Central Presbyterian Church will take place Friday night next, at the residence of A. J. Hulsey, 49 Wheat street. There will be music, reading and refreshments, and all for ten cents. july6—dlt

A. Haas & Bro., No. 17 S. Broad St.,

Have three tickets to Philadelphia and return, which they will sell below the regular rate.

APPLY EARLY. A word to the wise is sufficient. july6—dlt

Blank Waiver Notes.

Send your orders to the CONSTITUTION office for blank notes containg the waiving clause. Prices low apr21—dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office apr21—dtf

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap Black Silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures.

june7—dtf

Look Here.

Tickets via The "Great Kennesaw Route" to the Centennial, and return, only $38 25. July 1. 1876—d3t

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at

june7—tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the popular store of

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Railroad ruling and binding a specialty at the CONSTITUTION office. Prices reduced. tf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office apr21—tf

Names gilded on albums, Bibles, prayerbooks, pocketbooks, etc, at the CONSTITUTION book bindery. tf

To the Ladies.

Send your music, magazines, monthlies to the CONSTITUTION office and have them bound and your name gilded on them. tf

The Court of Ordinary.

HON. DANIEL PITTMAN, JUDGE.

The session of the court of ordinary for county business fell this year upon the 4th of July. Court was accordingly adjourned over to yesterday, the 5th instant. The following petitions to have public roads opened were presented and granted:

Of H. G. Holcombe, N. J. Hammond, and others for a road from Pryor street, in Atlanta, along the line of the pipe of the Atlanta water works to the McDonough road.

Of F W Cagle, F B Gazmon, and others, for a public road from Powers' ferry to Randall's mill, thence to the Powers' ferry road. Granted for a second class road on condition that the petitioners will open the same without expense to the county.

Of Thomas Screven, et al., for a public road from the Decatur road near the Edgewood church, running south along the county line between DeKalb and Fulton counties, to the Flat shoals road. Granted for a first class road on condition that petitioners and parties interested will open same without expense to the county.

The usual bills against the county were audited and ordered paid, and court adjourned.

At DeGive's To-Night.

The exhibition of the school of the Sisters of Mercy takes place to-night at DeGive's opera house. A pleasant entertainment will be given as is always the case with this school. Our people will miss a treat who cannot attend. Go all go.

SNAKE BIT.

ROUGH EXPERIENCE OF A SNAKE CHARMER WITH ONE OF HIS PETS.

Extraordinary Scene in a Barroom.

He Saves His Life by a Close Rub.

Last night about dark our city had a sensation of a kind that does not often occur, an which a vicious rattlesnake played a prominent part. That "there is no accounting for tastes" is an old provero, and as true as it is old, we are prepared to admit, but we must confess that we did not know before last night that our city possessed a veritable snake charmer. Yet so it is and he has succeeded in furnishing excitement enough for the corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets, to last them for several days.

THE SNAKE MAN.

This singular individual who has settled his affections upon rattlesnakes, is a man by the name of Burney. He recently kept a fruit stand at the bridge on Broad street, but he didn't keep any snakes there, as their presence would have seriously damaged his business Mr. Burney is a middle aged man apparently forty-five or fifty years of age. He has a family and children who divide his affection with his snakes. He is a rational, sensible man, and thinks he is possessed of a secret which will enable him to manage any average reptile. About seven o'clock yesterday afternoon, he made his appearance at Mr. Dick Loyal's barroom on Peachtree street with a

RATTLESNAKE

coiled around his left arm.

His hand was clasped around the snake's throat, in such a position as to prevent it from stinging him. Messrs Butler, Tom Gresham and Thurman were in the saloon at the time. He was told that he couldn't come in with that snake, but said he only wanted a little whisky. Finally the bar-tender agreed to let him have the whisky upon his promising solemnly not to let the snake go nor put it down. With this understanding he entered the room and obtained his whisky. As soon as he had drank it he violated his word by walking to the far end of the room, where he deposited the snake on a table. He then informed his audience, who stood at a respectful distance, that he would show them how to charm a snake, and proceeded to make a number of curious passes over and around the snake with both hands. The reptile, in the meantime had coiled itself up on the table so as to completely conceal its head, and seemed to pay but little attention to the flourishes that were being made around him. The snake was fully four feet and a half long, and had nine rattles and a button, which, according to the rules for determining snake's ages would make him

BETWEEN TEN AND ELEVEN

years old.

Burney further informed his audience that he had recently possessed two snakes, but that one of them got away. That he had been keeping this one about three months, and caught him, with five others, near Pumpkin Vine creek — wherever that may be.

After conducting his charming operations for a few moments, Mr. Burney took up a stick and passed it around the snake, almost touching it, for the purpose, he said, of making him show all his head. In this he was successful for the snake stuck it up in a moment. Then Burney seized him around the throat with his hand, and as he lifted him up, the reptile coiled again about his arm. He next proceeded to tie the snake in a bow-knot around his neck, but he still kept his hold upon the snake's throat. After performing this experiment to his satisfaction he again laid the snake down upon the floor, and a second time resumed his charming operations. But his snakeship had now from some unknown cause gotten in a bad humor, and began to show his wrath by lifting his tail, and sounding his rattles with vicious violence. Burney again took the stick and placing it under the snake he would raise him up an inch or two, and then let him fall back upon the floor. The reptile was now mad in good earnest. At last he stuck his head up and Burney grabbed him the second time by the throat. Unfortunately Burney caught him about six inches below his head, and as he raised him up, the enraged snake threw his head back with the rapidity of lightning and

STUNG HIM IN THE LEFT HAND.

The fangs entered his hand just between the points of the thumb and first finger. The wound was so small that it was almost imperceptible, and Burney still held to the snake and exclaiming; "I am hit," he walked back to the bar with perfect coolness, and asked for more whisky. The whisky was refused him, and Butler advised him to go at once to a doctor.

Burney started forth with his snake on his arm, and went to Collier & Venable's drug store. Finding no doctor there, he went to Dr. Pemberton's store, and drank nearly a pint of pure whisky. He then came back to Peachtree street, and went to Dr. Taylor's drug store. By the time he had reached this store, the poison had effected him to such an extent that he could scarcely stand. A large crowd of anxious spectators who looked upon him as a dead man, had now assembled, but did not assemble very close to the snake. Burney was peremptorily ordered by a police man to destroy the snake away, which he did with great reluctance. The reptile was forthwith knocked on the head by the policeman and dispatched. In the mean time Burney was examined by Dr Knott who was present. The doctor found his pulse scarcely perceptible, and he was evidently nearly gone. To counteract the effects of the laudanum, Dr Knott tried what is known as the Austrian remedy and injected a drachm and a half of ammonia into the veins of Burney's arm. The effect of the ammonia was almost immediately seen, and after a brief time Burney went off apparently completely recovered. This ended the sensation, but the crowd discussed it for some time, and a dozen inquests were held over the snake. We guess he won't charm any more soon.

Executive Clemency.

His Excellency, Goveror Smith, celebrated the 4th of July, by granting the following pardons on the grounds of good behavior:

Henry Duffy, Echols county, larceny after trust.

W Woodall, Chattooga county, burglary. He is only 18 years old.

Charles Reynolds, Richmond county, larceny from the house.

Elizabeth Sipiin, Houston county, murder. She has four three children, consumptive, and is said not to be a bad woman.

Harrison Hobbs, Douglass county, assault, with intent to kill.

Charles Gartrell, Thomas county, simple larceny.

Alfred Cooper, Hancock county, voluntary manslaughter.

James Brooks, Pickens county, manslaughter.

Turner Blackwell, Morgan county, murder.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, July 5, 1876.

J E Cox, F K Ruff, Union Point; Mrs Dickson, Ga; J R Christian, Sparta, G H Harris, W F Matthews, Madison; T G Gates city. Miss C Cleveland, Newnan; Mrs Lucas, Galveston; A M King, E T Jones, Ga; Jno B Wilcoxon, Newnan: M Stokes, San Antonio; H Huff, Macon; Wm G Lane, N Y; Foster Blodgett and family, Ga; Miss Lizzie Leslie, LaGrange; Miss Fannie Anderson, Washington; J M Pace, Ga; E Smith and wife, M M Smith and wife, Palmetto: J J Neely, Rev R Baxter, N O Banks, J H Lonquino, J A Parks, F J Welch, J S Anderson, B S Atkins, Newnan; O J Sims, Palmetto; F H Sledge, West Point; E S Buchanan Ga; G H Burks, T S Dallas and wife, G E Dallas, LaGrange; W A Potts and wife, Central, S C; F J Calhoun, Norcross, J S Osborn, Ky; A R Jennings, Hogansville; L W Burnett, Madison; B B Alfred LaGrange; J R Mitchell, J H Cotter, city; W Mitchell, Newnan; R D Williams, A D Davis, LaGrange; Geo S Haynes, Jonesboro; J P Moreland, LaGrange; Dr F F Tabor, W H Burke, city; G W Bennett, N J; E R Lewis, N Y; Winn Rogers, Savannah: Judge Jno J Floyd, Covington; H M Comer, J R Ellis, Savannah: J Calvite, Ky; G B Chamberlain, city; F L Fryer, Marietta; L W Burnett, Madison; D P Ellis, H C Ellis, C T Watson, city; J C Brooks, Griffin; P C Halden, J D Rhodes, Crawfordsville; Jno A A West, Augusta: Lindsey Coleman, Ga; Mrs Israel Putman, 2 children and nurse, Ala; Geo J Jones, Griffin: J L Blake, Baltimore; E G Griswold, Woodville; W Haywood Hankle, Charleston; T M Comer, Macon; Geo Percival, S C: Warren Jordan, city; J W Bell Harlem; F S Chapman, Augusta; T C Holden, Crawfordville.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., July 5, 1876.

Mrs Ried, Miss E M Merrill, J Levy, Chas C Kibbee, H V Tompkins, J S Pemberton, F J Stone, Gen Robt Toombs, H H Parks, Ga; J Q Norman, New York; Jno A Grant, Macon; Col A Pope, Wilmington, N C; J C Hamilton, Chattanooga, Tenn; Mrs E S Bloomfield, Athens; A Johnson, Cartersville; A W Polk, Philadelphia; Miss M Dicks, Rome, Ga; Col F W Clark, Wilmington, N C; E E Green, Gainesville; Frank L Little, Mrs Little, Sparta; J W Sloss, Ala; Gen E P Alexander, Montgomery; J W Tinsley, Columbus, Ga; J D Cunningham, West End; G Gardner, Col S K Johnson, Judge J P King, Auffusta, Ga; E H Brumby, Ga; A Lapp, Louisville, Ky; C M Wells, Bloomville, Miss; F W Fant, Miss Jessie Fant, Newberry, S C; H A Garrack, lady and child, W E Harp, Athens, Ga; Wm A Little and wife, Columbus; J J Gresham, Macon; J S Jones, Macon; Sol Dutler, Augusta; W P Nelson, Sparta, Ga; Gen J D Kennedy, South Carolina; Col W Wallace, South Carolina; Dr S Pope, J G Shorpard, South Carolina; W P Cox, Baltimore, Md; J S Mobley, Georgia; J D Cunningham, West End; J T Wildwood, Social Circles; A D Antignac, Augusta; Miss M Hooks, Augusta: Jno W Nelson, Augusta; H V Tompkins, Louisiana; Jno A Fitten, Atlanta; E C L Burwell, New Haven, Connecticut; A E Hoyt, South Carolina; Geo Gooch, McDonald, Boston; Leo N Levy, Victoria, Texas; Col J J Haskell, Miss; Ed Solomon, LaGrange; Miss P Smith, Ga; Miss S Boyd, S C; Miss L Loyd, Miss Hannah Hennessy, Miss Susie Carson, LaGrange; Mrs E T Rommet and three children, Nashville; W B Berry, J H Berry, Newnan, S L Fremont, Wilmington, C A Sardell, Ed Callaway, Ga; Mrs Richardson, Mrs Darkin, Miss Evans and child, Galveston; C H Hill, W N Bryant, St. Louis; E W Cole, Nashville; T Newhart, Louisville.

STATE SAVINGS BANK.

No. 7 Marshall House, Wall Street.

This Bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar up to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposits payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june7—d1mo-3-c

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

The Force put on Three Reliefs.

The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday evening at 4 o'clock. Hon. G. T. Dodd, chairman, presiding.

Dr. W. T. Goldsmith, offered the following which was adopted:

Whereas: In April last—before the appropriations were passed the board of police commissioners forwarded the following communication to the general council to wit.

Hon. Mayor and Council:

GENTLEMEN:—We admire the spirit that animates your honorable body in economizing and curtailing expenses in every department of the city government in order to diminish the bonded and floating debt of our city, and thereby lighten the burdens of taxation on your fellow citizens; for all candid minds must a mit that light taxation will enhance the value of property. We also deem it our duty to cooperate with you in retrenchment and reform in municipal affairs; therefore we suggest for your consideration the following additional plan. Repeal that portion of section 34 of the city code which relates to placing the men on three reliefs and eight hours duty. When this is done we can place the men on two reliefs, thereby saving to the city at least eight thousand dollars annually. We could not save this amount immediately on account of the number of men now on the force. But there are five vacancies on the force at present one lieutenant, one sergeant, and three privates. This reduction will cause a saving of $4,111 10 annually, and we intend to reduce it the other $4,000 as vacancies occur by resignation or dismission.

We are of the opinion that we can protect the lives and property of our fellow citizens at a cost of $28,000 per annum, and with the following number of men:

1 chief	$ 1,800 00
2 lieutenants, $1,310 each	2,600 00
2 sergeants, $821 25 each	1 642 50
2 guard house keepers, ($33) 10 each	1,460 00
4 detectives	900 00
25 privates, $2 per day	1,800 00
Net amount	$26,252 50
Reserve fund	1,747 50
	$28,000 00

The appropriation for this year must not be less than $23,000. We hope and expect not to spend that amount but intend to reduce it as above stated.

We hope this statement will receive your special attention, and it is most respectfully submitted.

G. T. DODD,
E. Y. CLARKE,
W. T. GOLDSMITH.
W. G. GRAHLING,
M. MAHONEY.

And, whereas; the tax-payers of Atlanta, a majority of the general council, and the board of police commissioners desire a speedy and desire now, a reduction of municipal expenditures—that retrenchment and "reform" so much demanded all over the land. And, whereas; a minority of the general council, (aided by the mayor) by taking advantage of the absence of members of council did repeal an ordinance previously passed by a majority. such action being opposed to that retrenchment so much demanded by the people pressed by the hard times; by the majority of council, and the recommendation of the entire board of police commissioners and whereas; The three relief system, passed by the majority of the council, and the force cut down to 25 men (by ordinance) will not and cannot give protection to the lives and property of our people and tax payers; And whereas; Under the charter whether right or wrong—whether for or against the people) it becomes our duty to conform to existing laws and ordinances however much of usurpation they may contain and however contrary this may be to the spirit of the charter and the intention of its framers, therefore be it.

Resolved, That the board of police commissioners enter a solemn protest against the action of a minority of the general council in—as it appears to the commissioners—their efforts to take control of the police force and to abridge the rights of the commissioners, to the injury and insubordination of the force placed by the charter under their control.

Resolved, That the ordinance passed by a minority of the general council to place the the force on duty in three reliefs and a previous ordinance reducing the force to twenty five men will not give that protection to citizens demanded by the unsettled condition of society, thus not giving them that protection for which they are taxed, and that degree of security they have a right to expect.

Resolved, That the commissioners are powerless, even by suggestion, to keep the police department within the appropriation, as their recommendations are disregarded and their actions are thrown by restricting ordinances, in conflict, as they believe, with the charter.

Resolved That any additional demand for money to be wrung from the hard earnings of our tax-payers by the enforcement of the present appropriation already made, will be burdensome to our people and contrary to the recommendation of the commissioners, and such demand, if made, will result in consequence of the action of the minority of the general council, who alone are responsible for an increase of the expenses of the department.

Resolved, That as with twenty-five men placed in three divisions, it is impossible to protect the city, the commissioners feel it their duty to notify our people of the fact that they may look to other sources than the police department for better protection for their lives and property.

Resolved, That the commissioners have and always will obey existing law and ordinances, and, therefore, order the chief of police to place the force on duty in three reliefs in conformity to the ordinance passed by a minority of the general council at a late meeting.

The force was divided into two watches of 12 men each and one of six men.

Captain Anderson was instructed to take charge of the third relief.

The board adjourned until Monday night next.

Musical Soiree.

The musical soiree given as complimentary to Will H Stanley on the eve of his departure for New York was a gratifying success in every particular.

The hall room of the Markham House contained as select and as cultivated an audience as ever assembled in this city. The following is the programme:

Quartette (Lullaby)—O hush thee my baby.... Mrs Clarke, Miss Minnie Jackson, Messrs Stanley and Packer.

Song—When the fair land of Poland (Bohemian Girl) by request).... Will H Stanley.

Song—The Mountain Maid..... Mrs Lewis H Clarke

Duett—"Say Once again Thou Lov'st Me." (Don Pasquale)..... Miss A Jackson and Will H Stanley.

Ballad—A tiny bark..... Mrs H R. Powers.

Song—Bird song..... Miss Ella Kimbro.

Duet—See the Pale Moon..... Miss Helen Wimberly and Will H Stanley.

Song—Good Night, Farewell..... Miss Minnie Jackson.

Duet—Flow'ret I Kiss Thee. (Il Talismano)..... Mrs Lewis H Clarke and Will H Stanley.

Song—I dreamt I dwelt in marble halls, (Bohemian girl)..... Miss Ada Jackson.

Ballad—Dominea, tender and true..... Miss Helen Wimberly.

Piano Solo—Dinorah..... Miss Minnie McCandless.

Song—(Selected)—When Sparrows Build..... Mrs. Ed Werner.

Song—T was within a mile of Edinboro..... Miss Lizzie Overby.

With one or two exceptions those taking part appeared for the first time before the public, and every one filled his or her part with edat. It was a rare musical feast and to individualize the performance is too great a task and we shall indulge in no critique. The singer and pianist were long and loudly applauded and encaged with bouquets. After the singing, dancing was kept up until midnight.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Henry Perkins, corner of Randolph and Irwin streets in this city, rises with the first cotton bloom.

—Miss Emily Hornady, of Senois, and Miss Agnes Smith, of Blackshear, are on a visit to Dr. W. T. Goldsmith of this city.

—We learn that a young man named Riley is at 217 Peters street, very ill and destitute of money and friends.

—There is a stalk of corn at the State road depot whose tassel touches the cap of the third story window, 35 feet from the ground.

—Mr. L. DeGive, on the fourth, backed into an open trap door at the opera house and was slightly injured. We are pleased to learn that he is much better.

—The commencement exercises of the Academy of the Immaculate Conception will take place this (Thursday) evening, at 7½ o'clock p. m. Admission, 25 cents.

—Lime! Lime! Lime! Shelby, Alabama and Georgia, by bbl. and car load. Analysis of our Shelby 98.65. Scipio & Sons, 20 Decatur street.

—Coal! Coal! Coal! 500 cars at Summer prices. Montevallo, Cahaba Red Ash, Alabama and Coal Creek. Scipio & Sons, 20 Decatur street.

—Sanitary Commission meets this evening, 6th instant, at 8 p. m. at room of Police Commissioners. All interested in the discussions going on are invited to attend.

—Mr. J. O. Wynn and Miss Lizzie J. Echols, commemorated the glorious fourth by entering into the united state. We tender them our warm congratulations. The public schools have lost one of its most efficient teachers, which J O has had the good fortune to win a glorious prize in the matrimonial lottery.

—One of the greatest living curiosities is the little Mexican girl 12 years of age and only weighs five pounds.

More Sneak Stealing.

Tuesday night a robbery was committed at the store of Mr W L Halsead, wholesale provision merchant, corner of Alabama and Lloyd streets. Some third class thief broke a pane of glass out of the window and putting in his arm carried off several boxes of cigars that were lying within reach. The robbery was not discovered until the store was opened yesterday morning. The police are looking for the rogue, and we sincerely hope they will catch him. He would be an amount to the chain gang.

Clothing! Clothing!!

To make room for fall and winter goods I have thrown the large remnant of my wholesale stock of spring and summer clothing into my retail store, No. 36 Whitehall street, and will close them out in the next sixty days.

These goods must and shall be sold.

Prices will be made astonishingly low.

Call and examine.

I mean business, and do not wish or intend to humbug any body. My stock is new.

E. P. H. KIMBRO.

o. 25 Whitehall street.—June 17, 1m.

NEGRO SHOT.

A RUNNING MATCH SETTLED BY A PISTOL BALL.

A Darkey is Sent to the Poor House With a Broken Thigh.

Tuesday morning, a portion of our city was thrown into some excitement by the news that a negro had been shot and seriously wounded by a couple of policemen. The report proved true, and the facts which brought this unfortunate result to the negro, are as follows:

There has recently been received at the police headquarters a number of complaints from families residing out some distance on Prior street about depredations committed on their hen coops and gardens. Nearly every night violent hands have been laid upon somebody's hen or rooster, and the coop would the next morning be found vacant. Gardens were also plundered of their contents, and vegetables enough would disappear to run a hotel. The police concluded that the matter would stand a little investigation, and Tuesday morning Officers White and Kendrick set out

ON A VOYAGE OF DISCOVERY.

Off to the side of Prior street are several negro cabins. To these the officers at once turned their steps, determined to search them thoroughly and see if any stray chicken could not be found in the first cabin they came upon a black man, who was at once identified as being one Meredith Barlow and an escaped convict. Somewhat over two years ago Meredith was tried before the superior court of this county for stealing a hog, Ed Davis. He was found guilty and sentenced to twelve months hard labor in the penitentiary. He was subsequently turned over with other convicts to Messrs. Grant, Alexander & Co., and from them succeeded in making his escape.

In spite of the efforts made by the authorities to discover his whereabouts, he successfully avoided arrest, until Tuesday. Officers Kendrick and White came to him in the cabin, and then proceeded to search the house. But Barlow had no idea of revisiting the chain gang again so soon. He watched his opportunity, and at a moment when the officers were not noticing him he sprang through the cabin window, carrying half the sash with him. The officers gave chase instantly, and for next two hundred yards some lively running was done on both sides. He was frequently ordered to stop, but paid no attention to the orders, and seeing that they were about to be distanced, the officers reluctantly drew their pistols and

FIRED UPON HIM.

Meredith fell to the ground immediately, and going to him the officers found that one of their balls had struck him in the right thigh and had broken it. He was taken up and every attention given to him. Later in the day he was sent to the alms house to remain until his wound is cured.

In the cabin the officers found a double barrelled shot gun, and a revolver, which are supposed to have been stolen. They are now at the guard house awaiting identification.

Yesterday afternoon Meredith's wife made application to the ordinary for permission to remove him back home from the alms house. She stated that she had heard from him and that he was worse. The ordinary granted her request.

THE POLICE COURT.

Yesterday's Batch of Small Sinners.

A BOARDING HOUSE FRACAS

Court opened yesterday morning on a boarding house case, and the landlady, together with several of her customers were arraigned for raising a fuss to the disturbance of peaceably inclined citizens. This poor lady had evidently hard work to keep from going under in these hard times She was afflicted with five children, and about twice as many boarders, and had even then enough to eat and providing nash for the other, had but little spare time. The widow's children may have been little angels theoretically, but the boarders found them to be most anything else. From morning until night these little pets were engaged either in coming out or devising some new mischiefs. One of them the other Sunday, found a hole in a window, which opened directly over one of the boarder's beds. He communicated this important discovery to his brethren, and the rest of the afternoon they employed themselves dropping sticks, sand, clods of dirt, and anything else that came convenient, through the holes. By the time they poured about a quart of sand and water into his face, the boarder woke up, and after some laying in wait, he succeeded in catching one of the young fiends. It is needless to say that that young gentleman was thoroughly shaken up before he was allowed to escape. Collapser and the seat of his breeches were torn out together, and there was no more sand or water dropped through that hole in the window for a week. Yesterday morning, however, this boarder went out into the yard to cut some wood, when another of these little pets attacked him from the rear and sailed a piece of lightwood at his head, and came near knocking him down. Upon this occasion the boarder made some remarks about what he would do if the children did not let him alone which the mother overhe rd. The widow took part for her children and words ran high on both sides, when the parties sent for the police. As the case was a very small one, they were let off with $1 apiece and costs.

FIVE CENT WHISKY HND ITS RESULTS.

Only one other case was disposed of. This involved a white man named Brown, and a very solemn looking negro named Harris. Harris was standing on the street corner talking with another darkey named Cobb when Brown drove by in an ice wagon. Harris wanted to know what he had. Brown said he had ice, and Harris told him he could keep it.

There may have been a good deal of wit in this remark but Brown didn't see it, for he got out of his wagon without delay, and approaching Harris, held out his fist for inspection and offered to whip him for the trifling sum of five cents. Instead of trying to harmonize matters, Harris asked him, if he hadn't been in some five cent bar, when charge Brown indignantly denied. The quarrel proceeded vigorously from this point, and while both of the parties were exceeding full of abuse, and gathered a pretty of rock, no blood was shed, The court fined them $15 and cost a piece for the noise they had made.

Harris' wife, a dashing looking mulatto woman, was very indignant about his sentence. After court had adjourned she promenaded up and down the street in front of the door, and informed the crowd who had collected to watch her movements, that he had good blood in her That she was a daughter of W. L. Yancey, of Alabama, the father of secession, and that she wouldn't live with no nigger who went to the chain gang." We judge from this remark that Ham is in great danger of losing a wife.

Several other cases were called, but the defendants were absent. They were fined $5 and costs around for non-appearance and court then adjourned until this morning.

Dalton Dots.

—Dalton has quite a number of lady visitors at present. Among them are Miss Maude Calloway of Oxford, Miss Bowles of Selma, Miss Smith of Rome, and Jeter a Pryor street belle.

—Col. W. H. Tibbs has a pea row 100 acres in length.

—Hanbury is very popular with the girls and his sanctum is a "bed of roses."

—"Call me thine own," is what the triumvirate are practising but as yet they have not made their calling and election sure.

—"To dye or not to dye" is the problem that the bachelor club is trying to solve

—The meeting of the agricultural association on Tuesday was addressed by Rev W C Richardson, Col. W K Moore and Col. W H Tibbs in practical and enthusing speeches. A monument is on foot to test on the fair ground during the fair. A barbecue will be given some time in August.

—Dalton's great "triumvirate" is Davis, Hardwick, and Williamson. They have sworn eternal celibacy, unless they can find some fair one to wed them.

—Dalton now possesses "Cupid's Bower," where the most enchanting goddesses can spend the winter in the summer house. The improved front gate, warranted to hold 180 pounds weight and no more, will soon be introduced.

—Dalton had a genuine chicken peck on the evening of the 4th. There was an immense audience and great enthusiasm. One of chicks illustrated the couplet:

He who fights and runs away,
May live to fight again the same day.

—It is to be hoped that the lady friends of Sanford Bell and John F Redwine will be more particular hereafter; when they send them bouquets. Some of them have been sworn friends since the days of Abel should not be envious of each others good looks.

—The Duff Green house is one of the best hotels in Georgia. Col. Thomas knows how to keep it.

—Not long since several couples went to Catoosa in buggies. Returning at night, the horses were frightened by a passing freight train. Two of the young ladies jumped out into the water, and one landed between the two wheels of the buggy. The wheels spoke her, though they were tired. This might have been the case, and the young men put their armor around the frightened ones.

—Lowndes county is shipping melons largely to this point. We are glad to note this, and trust that they will be sold at remunerative prices. Mr. Harvey, of that county, will remain here for some time receiving shipments daily.

THE WAR.

Peace and Armistice Will Be the Result.

Diplomatic Intervention.

Servia Will Be Whipped.

Alexandrovitch Bey, the Turkish envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to this country, has received the following dispatches:

The minister of foreign affairs to the Turkish minister at Washington:

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 4.

The princes of Servia and Montenegro without any legitimate motive and without any provocation on our part have declared war against us The Servians have entered our territory at three different points. Troops have been sent against them. I will inform you of the more important incidents that may occur.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 5.—On the 3d of July the Servians attacked the imperial troops encamped on the plains of Urkubs. After an engagement of more than five hours the enemy were repulsed, leaving five hundred dead on the field. Our soldiers captured a great many rifles on the site of Belina at the different engagements they had with the Servians. Our troops have also been victorious. They captured prisoners and a large quantity of rifles and inflicted losses amounting to about two hundred dead and four hundred wounded. In all these engagements our losses have been comparatively small.

VIENNA, July 5.—The Greek government has assured the porte of its pacific sentiments.

LONDON, July 5.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a special to that paper said: "I am able to state that the northern powers have forwarded to England most satisfactory assurances in regard to the war. They express a determination to remain completely neutral, and evince a strong desire to localize the struggle.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 5.—The following, dated July 4, was sent to Turkish representatives abroad: The Servians attacked the camp at Urkub, a town south of Dissa. After five hours hard fighting, the Servians retreated, leaving five hundred dead on the field near Belina. The Turks were victorious in several encounters, killing two hundred and wounding four hundred of the enemy.

RAGUSA, July 5.—General Mauhkta Pasha has transferred the command of the Turkish army to Mehmed Ali, and has gone to the Servian frontier.

LONDON, July 5.—A special dispatch from Belgrade to the Echo, says that the Servians have captured the Turkish outworks, near Belina, and that the town of Belina is on fire.

RAGUSA, July 5.—General Viskotitsh commander of the Montenegrin army, has summoned the fortress of Ylobuk Korkevitch to surrender. The garrison refused. Re-inforcements will be sent from Trebinge.

M. Jonine, the Russian consul general, has left Ragusa for Montenegro.

PESTH, July 5.—The minister of the interior has issued a circular holding he authorities strictly responsible for preventions of machinations against Turkey.

VIENNA, July 5.—The porte has officially informed Austria that he will abstain from the naval operations on the Danube.

COLOGNE, July 5.—A special despatch to the Gazette says, an insurrection has broken out between Nisch and Sofa, in the rear of the Turkish army.

PARIS, July 5.—A correspondent of the Universelle states that the Khedive has furnished the porte with 12,000 men.

LONDON, July 5.—A special from Vienna to the News says, 10,000 of the Imperial guards are leaving Constantinople for Servia.

A correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, writing from Berlin, says that the Turkish ambassador has positively stated that the porte has 200,000 of its best troops at the scene of war.

The porte is firmly intent on military occupation, hoping that Prince Milan will soon sue for peace. Martial law has been proclaimed in Belgrade because a disturbance was threatened.

The Princess Natalia, wife of Prince Milan, and two hundred ladies meet daily to make lint for the hospitals.

A telegram from Constantinople to the Times reports that great distress prevails in Asiatic Turkey.

LONDON, July 5.—Lord Derby, in reply to a question from Lord Comperdown, said there was no reason to suppose that Russian officers had entered the Servian army with the consent or by the authority of the Russian government.

The Standard's correspondent at Paris writes that military men here think a decisive encounter must take place within a week in the neighborhood of Neitsch.

The Standard's Vienna dispatch says the Turks have only thirty thousand soldiers in Neitsch, but are well fortified there.

BELGRADE, July 5.—Servian official report: Hostilities have commenced in the southwestern frontier. The Servians were successful in several engagements, and captured the fortified camp of Babinagtarian by assault. After three hours fighting the Turks abandoned their arms and baggage. The river Drina was crossed Monday.

PARIS, July 5.—It is reported that sanguinary fighting has occurred near Netschar. Gen. Tchersjiff occupied commanding positions, and the Turks were defeated.

Washington Items.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The president has requested Commissioner Pratt to relieve special agent Major Clarke at San Francisco, and Ferdinand Myer, supervisor of internal revenue at St. Louis. The friends of Mr. Pratt hope that Mr. Morrill when he comes to be secretary of the treasury, will restrain the president from interfering with Pratt, otherwise he must retire. His retirement will have a disastrous effect on the republican cause in Indiana. Senator Sargent of California, is said to be the main cause of the president's hostility to Yaryan and Clarke.

Northern republicans and members of congress deprecate any use of troops in the south or the talk of it.

The house is discussing the Geneva award.

The senate passed a number of private bills.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Telegrams to the Constitution.

SCHENECTADY, July 5.—Hon. Peter R. J. Gates, mayor of this city, died suddenly in a Saratoga special train, on the Hudson river railroad yesterday, on his way home from the centennial exhibition, of heart disease.

HAGUE, July 5.—The government of the Dutch, in the East Indies, telegraphs confirming the report of the loss of the steamer Lieutenant General Krossen, in the straits of Sunda. Two hundred and thirty persons were drowned.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.—Warren Vean and Solomon Dreyfus, aged 15 and 13 respectfully, were drowned while bathing in the river yesterday. Dreyfus jumped in to save his friend, but both went down.

Tilden's Trials.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Among the congressional telegr

"SOMEBODY'S DARLING."

[The following exquisite poem was written by Miss Marie Lacoste, of Savannah, Ga., and originally published, we think, in the Southern Churchman. It will commend itself, by its touching pathos, to all readers. The incident it commemorates was unfortunately but too common in both armies:]

Into a ward of the white washed walls,
Where the dead and dying lay—
Wounded by bayonets, shells and balls—
Somebody's darling was borne one day.
Somebody's darling! So young and so brave,
Wearing still on his pale sweet face,
Soon to be hid by the dust of the grave,
The lingering light of his boyhood's grace.

Matted and damp are the curls of gold
Kissing the snow of that fair young brow;
Pale are the lips of delicate mould—
Somebody's darling is dying now.
Back from the beautiful blue-veined face
Brush every wandering silken thread;
Cross his hands as a sign of grace—
Somebody's darling is still and dead!

Kiss him once for *Somebody's* sake,
Murmur a prayer soft and low;
One bright curl from the cluster take—
They were somebody's pride you know.
Somebody's hand hath rested there;
Was it a mother's, soft and white?
And have the lips of a sister fair
Been baptised in those waves of light?

God knows best. He was somebody's love;
Somebody's heart enshrined him there;
Somebody wafted his name above,
Night and morn, on the wings of prayer;
Somebody wept when he marched away,
Looking so handsome brave and grand;
Somebody's kiss on his forehead lay;
Somebody clung to his parting hand.

Somebody's watching and waiting for him,
Yearning to hold him again to her heart;
There he lies, with the blue eyes dim,
And smiling child like lips apart.
Tenderly bury the fair young dead,
Pausing to drop on his grave a tear;
Carve on the wooden slab at his head—
"*Somebody's darling lies buried here.*"

Augusta Cotton Factory.

At the last meeting of the stockholders of the cotton factory, W. E. Jackson, president, in his report said:

I submit to you the result of the operations of the company for the fiscal year ending 17th inst., also its financial condition, together with a list of the stockholders on that day.

Balance profit and loss account, June 10, 1875	$224,336 78
Gross earnings	104,424 40
	$328,760 56
Less repairs account	$ 1,165 86
Taxes and water rent	17,619 86
Interest	26,919 94
Expense	20,830 64
Dividends	48,000 00
	$113,556 24
Balance Cr Profit and Loss account, June 17, 1876	$215,104 60

While the net earnings are not so much as we would wish, I think we have reason to congratulate ourselves on the result. Since the close of the war, eleven years, there has been paid to stockholders 198 per cent. on the present capital, equal to 18 per cent. per annum, and during the same period have invested in real estate, new buildings and new machinery, about $460,000, without the sale of new stock, or calling on the stockholders; and the amount of credit of profit and loss account is about $110,000 more than on July 1st, 1865. The bonds issued are nearly fully represented by cotton, manufactured goods and supplies on hand, and the amounts due us.

4-4	1,834,756	125,440	5,568,058	
7-8	641,350	51,014	2,279,302	
3-4	619,972	61,550	2,891,406	
30 in Drills	499,358	35,114	1,491,454	
37 in. Drills	497,798	28,000	1,196,863	
	4,393,245	301,116	13,391,503	

BALES OF MANUFACTURED GOODS.

	4-4	7-8	3-4	N D	W D	Total
On hand June 19, 1875	21	18	31	11	11	92
Made June 17, 1876	4,989	2,017	2,458	1,755	1,501	12,620
	5,010	2,035	2,489	1,766	1,412	12,460
Sold to June 17, 1876	57	18	153	12	12	252
Cotton consumed (equal to 10,460 bales, 450 lbs each)						4,707,231 lbs
Average cost of cotton						12 11-100
Average number of looms running						715
Average yards per loom per day						61 10
Average hands employed						631
Aggregate wages paid						$180,477 04
Aggregate sales						924,549 35
Average per day per warp spindle for twelve months						9 40

Butts County Romance.

Butts County Argus.

A daughter of Mr. Benjamin Sutton, young, loved, and loving, announced her friend to have been a gay and wiry young man of the neighborhood, whose mustache had been assiduously cultivated. A charge of seduction is a serious one, under the code, and an attempt to secure medical aid to screen the joint fault, is, or ought to be more serious. These points sworn to, caused Justice Flint to issue a warrant for the arrest of William Smith, bailiff Sparks was entrusted with its execution. A posse comitatus was summoned by the Officer, and about ten o'clock Monday night last Smith was arrested.

Thus far everything went smooth with everybody but Smith. Smith, however, proved himself a mental genius and physical power sufficient to elucidate a fact to his captors and guard and the fact they now will testify to is that Smith declined their company very suddenly, adroitly, unexpectedly. Also that he continues to decline associating with them. Smith escaped somehow, and certainly, so far as we have been informed, has not made the slightest attempt to escape back again. Should he do so the fact will be recorded on the original warrant for his arrest, issued by Justice Flint.

Another warrant, against bailiff Sparks, charging him with responsibility in some way for the freakish flight of Smith, was promptly issued by Justice F., and placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Brady, for the arrest of Bailiff Sparks; and we understand he has perfected arrangements under which all parties interested will interview the court and themselves, at Black Ankle court house to-morrow, when, it is supposed, it will be explained why and how Smith "vamosed the ranche" so suddenly.

—The Savannah News speaks thusly of the effort of one of its editors. The graduation hymn sung by the graduates of the girls' high school yesterday, attracted universal attention. The beauty and eloquence of the language, the felicitous sentiment, and the picture of the various stages of a school girl's life so vividly portrayed, together with the sweet tune to which it was set by Prof. Newman, at once carried into popular favor and copies of the programme containing it were in great demand.

—Rev. W. A. Candler delivered the annual oration before the Kappa Alpha convenvention at Richmond, Va. The Dispatch says that for beautiful diction, exquisite polish, and profound thought, we have seldom heard its equal. Mr. Candler was elected secretary.

LONGLEY & ROBINSON,
Contractors and Builders
AND PROPRIETORS OF
THE PHŒNIX MILL.
DEALERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Building Materials such as DOORS, SASH, etc., (both White and Yellow Pine,) Mantels, Newels, Ceiling, Weather Boarding, Fence Materials, and all kinds of Finishing Lumber. Also, SHINGLES, LATHES etc.
Orders will also be taken for all kinds of CUSTOM WORK, such as Door and Window Frames Scroll and Turned Work, Brackets etc.
All orders will receive prompt attention. We will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage.
Sales Room and Office,
IN THE
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LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Special Notices.

Thrash's Consumption Cures and Lung Restorer.
CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANK'S CO., OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., June 4th, 1876.
Messrs. J. T. Thrash & Co., Griffin, Ga.:
GENTS—Please send me (as before) one largest size bottle of your "*Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer*"—true toname. It is the only remedy now extant for consumption and diseased throat and lungs. Other remedies, so numerously recommended, are bit temporary palliatives, that do any good but for a short time, whilst your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* gives relief at once and will permanently cure. My experience with remedies for the relief of the throat and lungs probably exceeds that of but very few persons, physicians or otherwise. I have been very near the point of dissolution of soul from its afflicted tenement; and have used every remedy ever heard of; the effect appeared only to procrastinate the sufferings of my mortal existence. Seeing Dr. Lovie Pierce's certificate of your medicine, and being well acquainted with the reverend doctor for nearly forty years, and consequently knew well his afflictions, concluded that your remedy might do me good, at least I had never used it, and as I had used every other remedy known or heard of, concluded at once to give it a trial. I sent to you for a bottle, as you are aware, and after using it, I purchased two more from Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, of this city. Before the first was exhausted I was fully convinced of its good effects; and after or about the time of the use of the last two, I could speak easily, and could sing; a thing I could not have done for three years or longer; and have been able to lie down comfortably and sleep soundly, a comfort that I had not enjoyed for a long time. I have been using the remedy about twenty days, and unhesitatingly certify that it is a *cure for consumption* and all affections of the throat. My lungs commenced exhibiting signs of disease in March, 1858, the result of *measles*, a cough ensued and continued to grow worse. April, 1874, I was so feeble that I could not attend to business of any sort, and was forced to give up and come to Atlanta that I might be near my good old mother to breathe out my last on earth: the *never-tiring* attention of *that mother* and your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* has saved me and I now feel as if my life might be spared me several years longer, Indian remedies, German remedies and French remedies to the contrary. Respectfully,
JOHN H. MEAD.
For sale by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Pinson & Holt, and Theo. Schumann.
june23—deod&wtf

NERVOUS DEBILITY.
Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
june23—deod&w1y

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CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS
Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money, averting sickness and suffering. Each single specine the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.
Case (Morocco) with above 25 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00
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THEO. SCHUMANN,
Agents for Atlanta.
juen23—deod&w1y-n t-r-m

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200,000 BRICK always on hand at Reduced Prices. I am also prepared to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on
PAT LYNCH
Builder and Contractor,
or leave orders at J. J. & P. W. Lynch's, No. 44 Decatur street. 4—d3m

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Funeral Undertaker,
DEALER IN
Metallic Burial Cases.
CASKETS AND COFFINS,
Of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER.
No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, Atlanta.
june1—d3m

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SMYRNA P. O.
Cobb County, Georgia.
WE respectfully invite the attention of merchants who buy their Dry Goods in Atlanta, to carefully examine our
Jeans and Cassimeres.
You will find them the best goods of their kind in the market,
We Solicit Comparison.
Encourage home industry and Southern enterprise and keep your money at home. We keep a full supply on hand at the Factory, and Messrs. Silvey & Dougherty Moore, Marsh & Co., and M. C. & J. P. Kiser & Co., who keep a full line of our goods at wholesale at Factory prices.
oct24—d1f [RICE, LOVE & PORTER.

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D. F. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of
House and Sign Painting.
Also, GRAINING, and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, second door from the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, next Stilson House. apr18—d3m

RUPTURE
Dr. J. A. SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling imitation appliances and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G. Crempien, was arrested in Pennsylvania for calling himself Doctor. The game is to exact $20 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspect, while Dr. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliances and Curative Compound is reduced to $10 00. Office—PARK ROW and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK. See extended notice on first page next reading. Books, with Photographic likeness of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.
june24—d&w1m-d1tp,s,r,m

Centennial Route.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE
Louisville & Cincinnati
SHORT LINE
RAILROAD.
THE QUICKEST, BEST AND ONLY ROUTE With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.
New York
And other Eastern Cities
WITHOUT CHANGE
Arriving many hours in advance of all other Lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all Lines running
Pullman & Wagner
PALACE SLEEPERS.
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca, and New York.
Without Change
This is the only Line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South can route to Eastern and Northern Cities that avoid a tedious haul through Louisville by changing cars at Short Line Junction with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with
An Excellent Meal
at Rufer's Dining Hall, at all hours.
THROUGH SLEEPERS
from New New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery, and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this Line.
During the Centennial
Exhibition at Philadelphia, this Line will sell Excursion Tickets at
Greatly Reduced Rates.
ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE
The only Line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.
JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't.
S. S. PARKER, G. P. & P. Agent, Louisville, Ky.
Jan2—d1y

MARRIAGE GUIDE
An Illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, etc., latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it, it contains information, which no one can afford to be without; on how to preserve the health, and complexion, and give to faded cheeks the freshness of youth; the best and only true Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50 cents by Mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 187 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

RHEUMATISM.
ONE (1) BOTTLE OF
Dr. Russell's Rheumatic Remedy
WILL always cure an attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, if taken within 10 or 15 days after the attack occurs. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia.
jan23—d6m4thp

THE
Georgia Daily Commonwealth,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING
(Except Sunday)
BY THE COMMONWEALTH PUBLISHING COMPANY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
And is edited by Col. CAREY W. STYLES, late of the Albany News, with efficient assistants.
THE COMMONWEALTH gives the current news of the city, State, and elsewhere, market reports, and vigorous editorials on Municipal, Political and General Subjects.
The coming canvass, State and National, will be closely watched and properly presented, while the Mechanical and Agricultural interests of the State will not be neglected. It large and rapidly increasing circulation.
TERMS.
One month, 75 cents; Two months, $1 25; Four months, $2 00; One year, $6 0.
PRINTING, BINDING and RULING of every kind, done in the best style and at lowest prices.
COMMONWEALTH PUBLISHING COMPANY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
june1—d1f

City License
—AND—
QUARTERLY SALES!
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., July 1, 1876.
EACH and every firm or person engaged in any business, calling or profession, of any kind, character or description, within the corporate limits of the City of Atlanta, are hereby notified that their license for the same expired on the 30th day of June, 1876. All who expect to continue are hereby notified to come to my office in the City Hall, and renew the same: all failing to do so by the 20th day of July, 1876, will have fi fas issued against them, and the same placed in the hands of the marshal for collection.
Also, insurance agents, auctioneers, all merchants selling goods on commission, and all other persons engaged in any business within the corporate limits of this city, are required by the tax ordinance to make a return of their gross sales or receipts and pay the tax on the same, are hereby notified to come to my office and make their returns, and pay the tax on the same for the second quarter, including the months of April, May and June. Office hours 7½ to 12 o'clock a m and 2 till 6 p m.
FRANK T. RYAN,
july2d1w City Clerk.

Oak Posts,
Poplar Lumber,
Pine Lumber.
For sale by CUNNINGHAM.
May 25, 1876—d1f

CARRIAGES.
HOME INDUSTRY.
GO TO SMITH, 48 Broad street, for any kind of vehicle. Smith guarantees his work. None but first class mechanics employed. No shoddy work.
feb20—

NOTICE.
THE firm of Hurt, Blount & Co., in this day dissolved by mutual consent, having sold their warehouse interest to Joel E. Hurt, who will settle up their old business.
Judge C. H. Strong.
too well and favorably known to require any commendation from us, has leased and will occupy our old stand, where he will ever be ready to wait on his host of friends. Success to him.
GEO. T. HURT,
JAS. G. BLOUNT,
A. P. HURT,
ELLIOTT ESTES.
Atlanta, Georgia, June 17th, 1876.
june21—d1aw1m

To the Suffering Public!
DR HOOVER, Chiropodist, Atlanta, Ga., will remove all suffering blemishes, such as Corns, Bunions, In-Grown Toe Nails, from where they are beneath the flesh, with but little pain. The operation leaves no soreness, and shoes can afterwards be worn with ease and comfort.
He can be found at the Kimball House from 9 to 10 and 3 to 4 o'clock.
All orders left with the clerks, promptly attended to. may14-tf

New Advertisements.

Summer Delicacies
In view of the general scarcity of money and encouraged by the increased patronage bestowed upon us, we have reduced the prices of many goods, and are now selling
SPARKLING
Soda Water,
PURE AND HEALTHY,
5 Cents
MEAD,
a delightful Summer beverage,
At 5 Cents
The Superb Fount is presided over by the prince of Arctic mixtures, Mr. WILLIS VENABLE.
ICE CREAM,
the best in the city at following prices:

Per Plate or Glass	10c
Per Quart	65
Per Pint	35c
Per Gallon	$2 25
Per half Gallon	1 25

Packed in ice, and can be carried to any part of the city and kept for some time.
OUR SUPERB
Ice Cream Parlor
is handsomely fitted up and complete in all its appointments. Ladies will find it a most agreeable and quiet retreat, entirely free from noise and dust, and at same time commanding a view of the busy throngs on Whitehall. Attentive and polite waiters will supply your wants. Our
Pastry Bakery
is the most complete and extensive in the South and is presided over by a GENIUS in his line, rivalled in Atlanta.
We keep constantly on hand, fresh and nice
BREAD
square and twist, Buns in great variety, Rusk Snaps, Tea Biscuit of every kind, Cakes, Lady Fingers, Cream Puffs, Egg Kisses, Maccaroons, &c., &c., &c.
Mallard's celebrated
BON BONS
75c per lb.
American Cream Bon Bons, and American Fancy and Mixed
CANDIES.
40 to 60c per lb.
Chocolate, Caramels and Cream Chocolates, manufacture, fresh and nice, 40c lb.
Broken Candies.
clean, nice, fresh, 1 lb 20c;
3 lbs. 50c.; 7 lbs. $1 00.
Broken Crackers
mixed, clean, nice and fresh,
4c to 5c per pound.
Call and see us.
Jack & Holland,
43½ Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GA.
june11—d1f

Watering Places.

PORTER SPRINGS,
Lumpkin County, Georgia.
THREE thousand feet above the sea level. Will open to visitors June 1. Accommodations much improved since last season in capacity and comfort.
Ten-Pin Alley, Billiard Table, Bath-Rooms, etc., Free
to guests of Porter Springs Hotel, and open to none others.
Daily mail both ways.
TERMS—$2 per day; $10 per week; $30 per month; couples $55 per month. Liberal terms to families.
For pamphlet, giving particulars, address PORTER SPRINGS CO., Proprietors, Porter Springs P. O., (via Dahlonega) Ga.
june1—d1mo

SUMMER RESORT.
Davenport House,
TOCCOA CITY, GA.
60 Yards North of Depot.
THIS newly finished, painted and well furnished Hotel is now open for the reception of those
Seeking Health and Pleasure,
Good pure atmosphere and mountain scenery. For the great
Reduction in Prices
it will be their interest to come to this house, where they will find all the improvements of a first-class North Georgia Hotel, such as barber shop,
Bath Rooms,
Telegraph office, single and double rooms, well ventilated, high ceiling, 14 feet hall through the house, large dining hall on first floor, long shaded verandahs, 600 feet; rooms well protected from the sun,
GOOD MUSIC,
Fine cold free-stone water in the house, mineral spring in 100 yards of the hotel, good fare as any where on the Air-Line; plenty of good servants.
COME ONE! COME ALL!
It is large enough to hold your Come once and will come again. Deliver us your baggage and we will deliver you to the inn "free of charge."
Terms of Board Moderate.
Liberal deduction to large families. Livery accommodation in the house or without trouble.
Toccoa Falls 2 Miles; Tallulah 14.
S. V. DAVENPORT,
june17—d1f Proprietor

AWAY TO THE
MOUNTAINS
Grand Opening
OF THE
Piedmont Hotel,
GAINESVILLE, GA.
THIS magnificent and commodious Hotel (just completed) will be opened for the reception of Summer visitors on the
13th of June,
BY ITS PROPRIETOR,
Mr. JOHN B. LONGSTREET
This well known resort for Invalids and Summer tourists is situated near the foot of the spurs of the Blue Ridge Mountains, some
1400 Ft. above the Ocean Level,
Has since the construction of the Air-Line Road demanded that accommodation to the invalid and tourist which the increased facilities of travel has required.
Centrally located on the Air-Line Railroad, in the midst of a fast developing mineral section, and surrounded by numerous mineral and pure water springs, with special arrangements for excursionists to the Holland, White Sulphur, Chalybeate and Porter Springs, also to the Nacoochee Valley and
Tallulah Falls,
and within 1¼ hours' travel to the far-famed Falls of Toccoa, with the most ample accommodations in the State north of Atlanta, and elegant in its modern appointments and conveniences for comfort and pleasure,
Its Attractions are Unsurpassed.
The regular Passenger train leaves Atlanta at 3 o'clock p. m.; arrives at 5:11 p. m.; accommodation and excursion leaves Atlanta 5 p. m. and arrives at Gainesville 7:32 p. m.
The terms of the Piedmont Hotel are so moderate as can only be justified by the profusion and reasonable rates of the market.
TERMS:

Per day	$2 50
Per week	13 00
Per month	40 00

Children and servants half price. Liberal arrangements made with families remaining the season.
Communications should be addressed to the proprietor at once to secure rooms, either in suits or single for families.
PIEDMONT HOTEL,
Gainesville.....Georgia,
On the Air-Line Railroad, 53 miles Northeast of Atlanta.
june7—d1f

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS
MILL GEARING
SHAFTING, PULLEYS & C.
HORSE POWERS, SORGHUM MILLS
THE CELEBRATED
WINSHIP COTTON GIN
THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS
FOR STEAM, HORSE, OR HAND POWER
ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS ATLANTA GA.
ne13—d&w1

DR. RICE,
No. 37 Court Place,
Louisville, Kentucky.
A REGULARLY Educated and legally qualified Physician and the most successful as his practice will prove, in the treatment of
Curses all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases.
Spermatorrhœa and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams,) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured!
It is self evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, as it treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact, often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by express or mail everywhere.
Consultation personally or by letter, free and invited. Charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.
Address as above.
A Private Counsellor
of 200 pages sent to any address (securely sealed) for thirty cents. Should be read by all.
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 2 to 4 p. m.
feb20— aug5-d&w

Business Directory.

E. DOYLE,
Practical Slater,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
PLAIN and Ornamental slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited. mar10,1876—d1y.

L. L. THOMASSON,
DEALER IN
Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30,1876—d1y

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,
DENTISTS.
Office, 23 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
june1,1876—d1y

L. D. CARPENTER,
Dentist,
No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

Lawyers.

J. S. JAMES,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H. James Banker Atlanta, Ga.; Hon J. M. James, Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.
dec10,1875—d&w12m

W. L. MARLER, HENRY PERRY,
MARLER & PERRY,
Attorneys at Law,
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.
june20,1876—d1y

JOHN V. EDGE,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.
WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell Carrol and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections. june22,1875—d6mo

H. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law,
MADISON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T. Bartlett, Col Geo. W. Adair. june9—d1f

STERLING B TONEY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
29 Court Place,
LOUISVILLE.....KENTUCKY
REFERENCES—Citizens' Bank, Louisville, Ky.; Hall's City Tobacco Bank Louisville, Ky.; Hon. Horatio W. Bruce, Chancellor Chancery Court, Hon. Henry J. Stiles, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Louisville, Hon. James L. Pugh, Eufaula, Ala; Hon. W. C. Gates Dr. A. B. Ridley, Atlanta, Ga apr2—d1m

POPE BARROW,
Attorney at Law,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted. jan25, 1876—d1y

PAUL C. HUDSON.
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in McDuffie and adjoining counties. Collections a specialty.
dec31—d3m

JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.
WILL practice in the Courts of the State. march 1, 1876—d1y

W. D. TUTT,
Attorney at Law
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
dec25—d3m

HENRY C. RONEY,
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the state. Prompt attention given to collections
dec25—d1f

R. T. NELMS,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON, GEORGIA.
PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties and the Federal Courts. nov7—d6m

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,
Attorney at Law
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. —dly

P. L. MYNATT,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAS removed to Nos. 24 and 26, Kimball House up-stairs. Entrance on Wall street.
may2—d1m

MATT. H. SANDWICH,
Attorney at Law,
THOMASTON, GEORGIA.
COMMERCIAL Collections. Pratices in the Courts of Georgia. may3,1874—d1y

C. A. THORNWELL,
Attorney at Law,
ROME, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention collections. mar10,1876—d12m

J. A. McWHORTER,
Attorney at Law,
GREENSBORO, GEORGIA
WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty.
march12,1876—d1y

C. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar22—d1f

HENRY JACKSON, J. H. LUMPKIN
Reporter of Supreme Court.
JACKSON & LUMPKIN,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ ALABAMA STREET.
PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court. mar9—d1f

A. T. DOWNING,
Attorney and Solicitor,
COLUMBUS, GA.
PRACTICES in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia.
ma10,1875—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY,
Attorney at Law,
SPARTA, GEORGIA.
aug9—d1y

W. S. JOHNSON,
Attorney at Law,
CALHOUN, GEORGIA.
OFFICE on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.
June6 1875—d12m

EDWARD J. REAGAN,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON, GEORGIA.
PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.
nov6,1875—d1y

J. A. ANSLEY,
Attorney at Law
AMERICUS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections.
oct15,1875—d1y

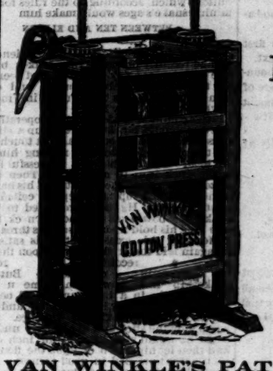
REMOVAL.
JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE REMOVED to No. 5, first door Kimball House, in rear of Georgia Banking and Trust Company. Entrance from Wall street.
may21—d1m

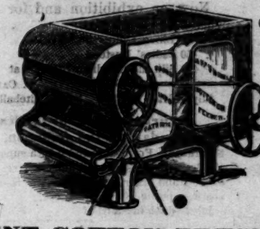
STORAGE.
Cunningham's Warehouse
I AM prepared to offer FIRST-CLASS STORAGE for Cotton, Grain, Flour, Hay, and other merchandize, in my BRICK WAREHOUSE, (gravel roof,) on the line of Railroad, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets. Entrance rates lower than any other Warehouse in the city. This, with the railroad facilities, enables me to offer the cheapest and best storage in the State.
Liberal Cash Advances
made on Staple Goods stored in my Warehouse. For terms, call on or address
A. T. CUNNINGHAM,
Commission Merchant,
mar29—d1f Atlanta, Ga.

Centennial Excursion.

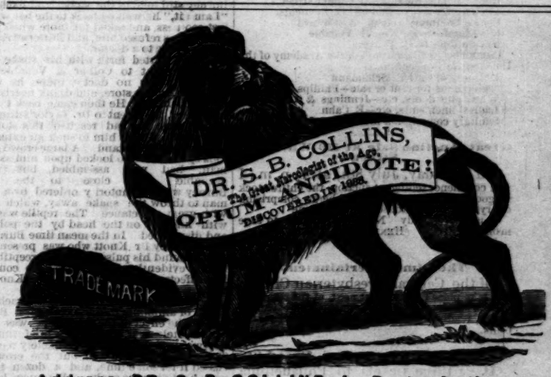
1776. 1876
Certennial Transportation Arrangements
OF THE
GREAT ATLANTIC COAST LINE
FOR
THE ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS FROM ALL POINTS SOUTH.
The Railways and Steamship Companies between Augusta, Georgia, and Philadelphia, comprising the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, will during the progress of the
Centennial Exhibition of United States,
present for the patronage of the citizens of the South, routes of transportation and forms of tickets upon which to reach Philadelphia, that will immeasurably excel all other lines in point of
Direct Daily Movement,
Comfortable Accommodation,
Variability of Transit,
Economy of Expenditure.
To enable this to be done, the combined resources of the RAILWAY LINES SOUTH OF NORFOLK, together with those of the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY and the OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY will be employed and the individual TOURIST, the social party of ten, twenty or more, or the civic or military organization of 100 or 200, can each be cared for in a manner that will satisfy their desires.
Price Lists, Time Cards and all needful information are now in hands of all Agents of the ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
It will be the interest of every individual and each organization proposing to make this trip to communicate with the undersigned.
A Centennial Exhibition Guide Book as authorized by the Commission will be given to the purchaser of each Centennial Ticket.
A. POPE,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.
Call on or address the following Agents of the Atlantic Coast Line:
JONAH H. WHITE, Macon, Ga.,
W. J. WALKER, Montgomery, Alabama.
H. Y. TOMKINS, Atlanta.
M. J. DIVINE, Macon.
A. L. REED, Savannah.
may14—d1f

Foundry and Machine Works.

E. Van Winkle,
Founder & Machinist,
MANUFACTURER OF



VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON PRESS,
VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON GIN FEEDERS,
Van Winkle's Patent Cotton Gin Condensers,
Also, Cane Mills, Circular Saw Mills, Cob Crushers, Mill Work, Iron Fencing, Iron Building Work and all kinds of Light and Heavy Castings.
16, 18, 20 Foundry Street,
june2—d4m ATLANTA, GA.

Opium Antidote.



Address, DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Indiana,
For Quarterly Magazine, and Test of Time—Sent Free.
june24—deod&w1y

Builders' Supplies.

T. GUERNSEY, GEO. W. REYNOLDS
GUERNSEY & REYNOLDS,
DEALERS IN
SASH, DOORS & BL